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Blended Musquash
Muff, with gussets at
small tie collar.

Laurel Coney Set, col-
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State Coney Collar
Muff Set, showing un-
quality.

Natural Weasel Set,
white and brown.

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4 HOURS FROM CHICAGO

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RE'S CURE" FOR

MATISM

KINDRED DISEASES

IN A VERY SHORT TIME

1 MUOR BATH CO.

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The Year Round

immunes: Mud waters

such as salt, mineral, etc.

in the country where

you can find

soil and all other natural

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THE TRIBUNE

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CIRCULATION
Over 500,000 Sunday,
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VOLUME LXXIII.—NO. 300, C

BY THE TRIBUNE COMPANY.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1914.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

* PRICE ONE CENT. IN CHICAGO AND SUBURBS TWO CENTS.

DETAILS OF GERMAN RAID ON ENGLAND OVER SIXTY DEAD; TEUTONS ESCAPE

SIN TO WED, BUT
"ROLLERS" MAY
SUSPEND RULE

Uncle Sam Seeks to Un-
veil Marriage Mill at
Benton Harbor.

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT
Benton Harbor, Mich., Dec. 16.—[Special.]—One of the cardinal doctrines of the Isolite House of David, also known as "Flying Rollers," is that marriage is a mortal sin.

Four years ago this doctrine was suspended temporarily for the benefit of a large flock of young men and women in the House of David colony who desired to marry. From that time on, it is said, Benjamin Fornell, known to the members of the cult simply as "Benjamin," the spiritual head of the Isolites, frequently has suspended the dogma and permitted marriages among the members, sometimes of single couples and at other times by the wholesale.

The motive underlying this singular state of affairs is what the federal government is endeavoring to throw light upon, and a searching investigation of moral conditions at the colony is underway. The inquiry promises to disclose a situation of affairs, shocking and sensational in its nature.

Have Women's Affidavits.

Affidavits of three women, former members of the cult, are in the hands of United States Attorney Myron H. Walker of Grand Rapids and Hinton G. Coughenour, chief of the federal bureau of investigation at Chicago. The affidavits charge Benjamin with general immorality.

Special agents of the bureau of investigation, headed by Special Agent Jenkins of Chicago, are at work investigating charges of alleged violation of the Mann act. District Attorney Clyne at Chicago also is in possession of the complaints filed regarding the possibility of Mann act prosecutions.

Attorneys John J. Sterling and Harry S. Whitney of Benton Harbor filed original complaints with the government several months ago. Additional evidence has been supplied the federal officials from time to time since then.

Hides Colony's Secrets?

It is the theory of the complainants that Benjamin has suspended the non-marriage doctrine for the purpose of covering up conditions existing in the colony. Missionaries are sent out in pairs into all parts of the country to bring in new members, and it is alleged that women and girls were brought in for immoral purposes.

This view of the federal investigators is based on the affidavits of the three women, two of whom are now suing for divorce from husbands they say they were forced to marry against their will.

The three women are Mrs. Augusta Fortney Holliday, Mrs. Lena Fortney McFarlane, sisters, and Mrs. Edith Clarke, all of Benton Harbor. Mrs. Holliday and Mrs. McFarlane are suing for divorce. Here are portions of affidavits made by the three women.

Some of the Charges.

Augusta Holliday, first being duly sworn, deposes and says: "My name is Augusta Holliday and I went with my father to live at the House of David about six years ago and remained there until the 1st of July, 1914. About four years ago Benjamin told me, with the rest of the girls at the colony, that each of us would be obliged to go through a certain marriage with young men in the colony in order to save the colony and the faith, and he wanted me to marry a certain man he had picked out, but I would not consent to marry him but consented to marry another man, named Allan Holliday, my name being Augusta Fortney.

The reason he wanted wholesale marriage was that he had had criminal relations with about all the girls in the colony over the age of 12 years.

Claimed He Was Purified.

"He would take all of the girls out of his room and tell us that he was our husband and that the other marriage was just a sham, and he would quote scripture, and told us that the Saviour had spoken of in the scriptures, held by the Angel as barring Adam and Eve from the garden, had been taken away so far as he himself was concerned, and he was purified."

"He would take the girls out of his private room one at a time and bring them back. . . ."

"My sister Lona and I always objected to his overtures, and we were always out of favor."

Benjamin keeps most of the girls at

(Continued on page 10, column 2.)

High Court Holds
Bondsmen Liable
to Pay Millions

County Treasurer's Inher-
itance Tax Fee for 20
Years Declared Illegal.

COLLECT 2 PER CENT

ANOTHER SHOT
AND WE REPLY,
BLISS ASSERTS

Ultimatum to Mexicans
Follows Continued Fir-
ing into Naco.

ARMY CHIEF TO NACO.
Washington, Dec. 16.—[Special.]—The Supreme court held "this case comes exactly within the declaration of the court that an act allowing additional compensation for the performance of the duties pertaining to an office is a violation of the constitution."

Other Former Treasurers.

Those who have served as Cook county treasurer during the last twenty years besides Mr. O'Connell and Henry Starkart, the present incumbent, are Samuel Raymond, Daniel H. Kocherberger, John J. Hanberg, and John R. Thompson. Former County Treasurer John R. Thompson said he had not heard of the case.

The inheritance tax fees during my administration aggregated only about \$20,000 for the whole four years," said Mr. Thompson. "The inheritance taxes were not nearly so large as under O'Connell's administration, because not as many wealthy persons died."

THE WEATHER.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1914.

For Chicago and vicinity.

IT'S FAIR THURSDAY.

Cloudy.

Temperature 40°.

Wind, N. E. 45°.

Humidity, 70%.

Pressure 30.10.

Clouds, 80%.

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Humidity, 70%.

Pressure 30.10.

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Humidity, 70%.

Pressure 30.10.

Clouds, 80%.

Wind, N. E. 45°.

Humidity, 70%.

Pressure 30.10.

Clouds, 8

BRITONS FURIOUS AT ATTACK ON COAST BY GERMAN SQUADRON.

rate houses, and railway stations, and tearing great craters in the pavements. Others were up and about at their ordinary tasks or duties.

Within thirty minutes these people realized to the full the suffering and terror that they had been reading about as results of the war in Belgium, France, and Poland. In those thirty minutes England had its first bitter taste of war, on its own soil.

Only one of the towns attacked was defended by a fort—Hartlepool—where there is a small fort at the mouth of the river Tees. There was an oblique battery at Scarborough, which was useless against the powerful guns of the German cruisers. Whitby was utterly defenseless.

BRITISH PUT UP RESISTANCE. The fort at Hartlepool made a stout fight of it and there is a hint in the admiralty communication that the guns of this fort forced the Germans to withdraw. It seems more probable, however, that the Germans were quick to catch the wireless alarm that was flashed to Sir John Jellicoe's battle fleet and abandoned the attack to give them a chance to escape—before the British ships came up.

Hartlepool and Scarborough are forty-two miles apart, with Whitby about midway between them. Obviously the Germans had organized the raid perfectly. Their squadron of probably eight cruisers divided before approaching the coast. Two cruisers took station at Hartlepool, two lay off Whitby, and four made the attack on Scarborough.

It is apparent that the raiders were supplied with most important details, such as the necessary range, the location of railway stations and wireless plants and the position of public buildings. Having that information they were able to accomplish a tremendous amount of destruction in a very few minutes.

CLOSE TO COAST LINE. At Scarborough the Germans came startlingly close to the coast line, as near as they dared to risk the grounding of their cruisers. They had the range at once, and shells fairly rained upon the city of 40,000 inhabitants. Not less than fifty shells went screaming into the town, and it is probable that many more were fired.

It was exactly 7:05 a. m. when the people of Scarborough were aware that the war had come to them. At that minute a shell fell near the railway station. A train was about to leave for Hull. There was a small crowd at the station. There was a panic at once. People rushed to the train and implored the engineers and guards to leave instantly.

The engineer refused to be swayed and did a plucky thing. He stepped to the telegraph office in the station and sent a message to his wife: "Shells are falling thickly around me, but I am all right."

Then he went back to his engine and waited, watch in hand, for the exact second the train was scheduled to leave. When his watch ticked out the scheduled time he opened the throttle.

ATTACK BEFORE DAYLIGHT. It was not yet clear daylight, since the sun does not rise above the part of the coast until 8:01 a. m., and there was a haze out at sea. The people who rushed from their homes started by the first roar of cannon and the explosion of the shell could not yet make out the German ships. They could see the flashes that stabbed the darkness when the guns were fired. Many persons unaware of the real nature of the firing imagined for the moment that a British squadron was at target practice off the coast.

The shells came thick and fast, causing widespread loss of life and ruin to property. Roots were smashed in houses where the people were hardly aware.

The Balmoral hotel was hit and quickly took fire. This was the first intimation that many persons in distant parts of the town had that the Germans were attacking.

SHELLS DROP IN CITY. One of the shells that struck the Balmoral went through the roof. Another dropped without exploding into the cistern. Portions of the promenade railing were carried away.

Many cooperative stores along the Victoria road were shattered, and along the Stalby road in the direction of the wireless station the damage was especially heavy. Apparently the main purpose of the bombardment was to destroy the wireless plant and the railroad station, but the wireless apparatus escaped injury and the station was only partly destroyed.

Whole rows of cottages along the Stalby road were razed. The savings bank, near the Grand hotel, was demolished, and the contents of an adjoining house were scattered in the street. Much damage was done to well known boarding houses on the St. Nicholas cliff.

Much damage was also done on the south cliff, where the best residential property was located. Here the shells demolished and set fire to many fine houses. The people took refuge in the shelter.

HUGE HOLES IN GROUND. The shells made holes in the ground big enough to hold railway coaches. The famous Grand hotel, perched on the cliff head, was partially demolished. Half a dozen gaping holes show in the walls of the upper stories, while the walls of the lower stories on the seaward front, including the large dining room and restaurants, were shattered.

A picture palace next door to the Grand hotel suffered heavy damage. A portion of the cliff tramway was destroyed.

The gable end of the town hall, situated on the cliff, was shot to pieces. The lifeboat house was damaged. A corner of the Royal hotel, a fine building near the center of the town, was demolished.

A surprising fact was the rapidity with which workmen set about the task of repairing damage. A shot which hit

Some of the Invasions of England.

HERE have been many invasions of Great Britain, beginning with the first expeditions of the Roman legions under Julius Caesar, B. C. 55.

Not for more than a century, however, had the coast of England been attacked, since the landing of a small force of French on the coast of Pembroke in 1297, until the German squadron bombarded Scarborough, Whitby, and Hartlepool yesterday.

Some of the most historic invasions follow:

B. C. 55-54—Julius Caesar led two expeditions into Britain.

A. D. 43—Emperor Claudius sent an expedition under Aulus Plautius and added Britain to the Roman empire.

A. D. 300—Picts and Scots ravage Britain and overthrow Roman rule.

A. D. 368—Theodosius restores province after ravages of Picts and Scots.

A. D. 787—Danes devastate Northumbria.

open for business, nevertheless, and displayed in a broken window a placard which read: "Business going on as usual."

FOUR OF ONE FAMILY KILLED.

Four persons were killed outright by a shell which exploded in a house where they were living. One of the first persons killed in Scarborough was a Mrs. Merryweather. She was standing behind the counter of a shop owned by her husband. A shell ripped through the walls and ended her life as she was shouting to their husband.

Ex-Aid. Hall, a justice of the peace, was killed while he was dressing, and a moment later his grandfather was hit by a piece of shell and killed. A postman delivering letters was struck dead.

The injured, many of whom were hurt seriously, were hurried to hospitals.

This work was carried on in a continuous rain of shells. Special constables at great personal risk conducted the old and infirm to places of safety underground.

SHELL HITS HOSPITAL.

The hospital itself was struck, but no one was injured. The sea bath infirmary attached to the hospital was badly damaged, but the patients, who included a number of Belgian soldiers, escaped injury.

A noteworthy incident of the attack was the conduct of worshippers at St. Martin's church. These had gone early to the church to participate in a communion service. Two shells ripped through roof and walls. A few persons were injured, but the clergymen quickly calmed the congregation and there was not the vestige of a panic. The people left the church in an orderly and quiet fashion and scattered to their homes.

A man named Berry and two children were killed in one house. A baby in a family named Ryal and a young woman of the name of McIntyre were fatally injured by shells which burst in their bedrooms.

BUSH FROM THEIR BEDS. The hospital itself was struck, but no one was injured. The sea bath infirmary attached to the hospital was badly damaged, but the patients, who included a number of Belgian soldiers, escaped injury.

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MISS C. BANKS, who lives south of the cliff, had an extraordinarily narrow escape. She left her house and walked into the garden. She had made only a few steps when a shell whizzed past her head. It had passed squarely through roof and walls. A few persons were injured, but the clergymen quickly calmed the congregation and there was not the vestige of a panic. The people left the church in an orderly and quiet fashion and scattered to their homes.

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NO FEAR OF INVASION. The line of the German bombardment was directly across the harbor as far as the wireless station, and then along the coast to the suburb of Falsgrave.

FIRE FOR HALF AN HOUR. The bombardment of Hartlepool lasted at least twenty-five minutes. A press association dispatch from Middlesbrough says that from two to six ships were engaged in shelling West Hartlepool and the fort. The shells fell in all parts of the thriving industrial city, which has a population of 25,000. Apparently the German ships sent the fort at the mouth of the Tees and the city itself simultaneously. Shortly after 8 o'clock the people in

Redcar, ten miles from Hartlepool, were aroused by the noise of heavy firing, and they saw far off the coast three warships in action.

These appeared to be throwing shells at the fort on the Tees, but the local military authorities drove all civilians from the seaside promenade before it could be ascertained what target the ships were shelling. The first stages of the bombardment were especially severe.

Toward the end of half an hour the German fire was weakened considerably and the gunners fired much more slowly, apparently taking careful aim.

FIRES FROM THREE SIDES.

Hartlepool was bombarded on three sides and it is said that ships came within half a mile of the shore line and that they flew the British flag. The land fort replied vigorously.

Two women named McKay, living on the cliff terrace, sent their servant to safety, but they remained in the house.

A shell came through the roof of their bedroom and both were killed. In Dean street a family, father, mother, and six children, were killed. Only one child in another family escaped.

A father, mother, and two children were killed by shells which went through the roof of a church. The vicar, Canon Ormsby, was in bed when the bombardment began. With his household he took refuge in the cellar. His house was unroofed and most of the rooms were damaged, but no one was injured.

MANY CHILDREN VICTIMS.

Among the victims were a number of children. A shell fell in the midst of a group of volunteers who were watching the bombardment from the coast line and seven were killed.

Adjutant Avery of the Salvation army was killed. He leaves a widow and four children.

Some timber yards caught fire, and a shell went through the window of Lloyd's bank, causing much damage, although no one was killed. Another shell crashed through the glass roof of the composing room of the Northern Daily Mail, smashing everything in the room, but no one was in the room. Three post office employees were injured.

TELEGRAPH LINES MUZZLED.

Many rumors are in circulation regarding the operations of the German squadron and regarding the pursuit organized with British destroyers and large ships.

The official press bureau would not discuss reports that German ships had been damaged or that English ships had been injured. The admiralty has commanded all telegraph lines from London to sea in time to protect the British coast.

BRITISH FEAR TORPEDO ATTACKS.

It is generally believed that the home fleet is not in the North Sea. The news of today recalled the disaster to the Audacious and strengthened the impression given at that time that the great British home fleet, the strongest aggregation of big gun ships in the world, had sought refuge on the coast of Ireland, departing upon advice from naval officers to carry them news of any German raid; so that they may steam toward the North Sea in time to protect the British coast.

THIRTY-SIX SHELLS IN WHITBY.

Altogether the Germans fired about thirty-six shells into the town. The signal station was first attacked, and a coast guard who was standing nearby was decapitated. A drayman who was passing was killed by a piece of shell which penetrated his chest. Two local Boy Scouts who were assisting in the protection of the town were slightly wounded.

The houses in Fishburn Park district, which is behind the signal station and was in the line of fire, suffered badly. Whitby abbey and Whitby Lodge were struck by shells.

IT IS GENERAL BELIEVED THAT THE HOME FLEET IS NOT IN THE NORTH SEA.

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BRITISH HINT AT REVENGE FOR GERMAN RAID ON COAST.

London Times Intimates That Ten-ton Attack on England Will Prove Big Boomerang.

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GERMAN NAVAL STAFF.

From the meager reports of the engagements, it is not thought they are of any particular military importance in themselves. They are considered to indicate, however, that the German naval staff are not regarding the pursuit organized with British destroyers and large ships.

PLAN TO BALK INVASION.

Hurried and extensive preparations were made by the government to meet a possible invasion. Every available infantry and artillery unit was ordered to the coast stations. Trenches which had been prepared at every point of possible attack were fully manned. Every artillery and machine gun was put in readiness.

Hydroaeroplanes are scouring far out to sea, patrolling the coast and ready to give warning of the approach of a German squadron or of a fleet of troops bringing invaders.

It is estimated that 400,000 volunteer soldiers are guarding the coast tonight.

There is a report that the German cruisers were accompanied by a submarine.

Another refugee gave the following account of the bombardment:

"More than fifty shells had fallen in Scarborough up to the time I left, and part of the city was burning when our train pulled out of the station.

Many of the German shells fell near the railway station, where great numbers of people had gathered to take

early morning trains.

"Some fell upon the roofs of houses and hotels and these took fire at once.

As the people fled through the streets shells burst above their heads and many were struck down by flying particles of iron.

The shock of an exploding shell burst high in the air killed one woman."

SHELLS FOR BREAKFAST.

Refugees who arrived at Durham from Hartlepool say that most of the people there were at breakfast when the German squadron opened fire. One man said:

"Most of the city was calm at breakfast when suddenly heavy firing was heard from the sea. We thought at first that British torpedo boats were on the way, but then we realized that the British fleet had been engaged in a battle with the German squadron.

"Almost immediately shells began to fall in the central part of the city, houses that were struck by projectiles sent up great clouds of smoke, and the wreckage tumbled outward into the streets.

NO FEAR OF INVASION.

"We did not have fear of the Germans landing men, even after we learned that they had assembled ships off the port, for we believed that the fort would stop that, and we knew that the garrisons had been heavily increased."

"Many went to Hull, spreading the news.

REFUGEES TELL OF FIRE.

Stories by the refugees show the suddenness and accuracy of the German fire.

WHEN you want to get down to values that stick right out, have a look at our shoes for \$3, \$4 and \$5.

You won't see any better shoes than these at the price; probably none so good.

We can show you any style you like; every up-to-date idea is represented in our big stock. All the good conservative shapes are here, too.

Open Evenings Till Christmas.

HASSEL'S

60 cents a month.

184 W. Washington St.

Tel. Main 3018

railway stations or toward the roads leading to the countryside. A few carried cherished household articles, others left all behind.

WHITBY IS BADLY HIT.

At Whitby the destruction was great. The famous old Abbey of St. Hilda, founded in the seventh century, was partially destroyed.

At Whitby the German warships, two in number, seem to have bombarded the town from a distance of about three miles. They fired until 9 o'clock and about thirty shells fell into the town.

These appeared to be throwing shells at the fort on the Tees, but the local military authorities drove all civilians from the seaside promenade before it could be ascertained what target the ships were shelling.

RAID ON ENGLAND DUE TO ABSENT BRITISH FLEET?

At Whitby the German warships, two in number, seem to have bombarded the town from a distance of about three miles. They fired until 9 o'clock and about thirty shells fell into the town.

These appeared to be throwing shells at the fort on the Tees, but the local military authorities drove all civilians from the seaside promenade before it could be ascertained what target the ships were shelling.

EMDEN SAILORS RAID IN PACIFIC

Forty Survivors of German Cruiser Escape from Cocos Island; Capture Collier.

ALLIED FORCES PUSH AHEAD ON EXTREME WINGS

Connect with Sea in Belgium and Begin Advance Along Alsace Line for Fifty Miles.

[By Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]
LONDON Dec. 16.—The allies, aided by the British and French warships, have pushed back the Germans in Belgium and now have progressed as far as the sea to the northeast of Neuport.

They have gained to the southeast of Ypres and along the railroad in the direction of La Bassée.

On the extreme right wing a report from Basle, Switzerland, says the French armies have taken the offensive along the entire line from Belfort to Sainte Marie Aux-Mines. The dispatch says the French have converted Thann into a stronghold. The heavy artillery fire causes windows in Basle houses to shake night and day.

This movement reported from Basle is in the nature of a general attack by French forces in Alsace, on the front along which hostilities are said to have been undertaken is more than fifty miles long. It extends north and south, roughly paralleling the border of Alsace.

Paris Reports Progress.

The following official statement was issued by the French war office tonight:

"There has been slight progress as far as the sea, to the northeast of Neuport, to the southeast of Ypres and along the railroad in the direction of La Bassée.

In Belgium the town of Westend, to the northeast of Lomhaertzyde, has been violently bombarded by the British fleet.

"The Belgian army has repulsed a counter attack on St. Georges and occupied the farms on the left bank of the Yser.

Advanced in St. Floc Region.

Our forces, which already had gained ground in the direction of Klein Zillebeke, also made progress, but so perceptibly, in the region of St. Floc.

"In the region of Arras, in the region of the Aisne, and in Champagne there have been artillery engagements, in the course of which we gained distinct advantage at various points.

"In the Woerre district we have repulsed several German attacks in the forest of Mortnare and we have retained all the trenches occupied by us on Dec. 13. There is no other notable movement along the rest of the notable front."

German Official Statement.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—The German official statement issued by the general army headquarters says:

"In the western theater the enemy made a new attempt to advance by way of Neuport, supported by an action of their ships at sea. The fire from these ships was entirely without effect. The attack was repulsed and 450 French were taken prisoners."

"On the remainder of the front the capture of a height to the west of Sennheim, occupied by the enemy since the day before yesterday, is the only matter worth mentioning."

AUSTRIAN LOSS 100,000 MEN.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—A dispatch from the Exchange Telegraph company from Rome says:

"It is officially admitted in Vienna that the Austrians killed or wounded in their defeat by the Servians numbered 100,000."

"Public sentiment and indignation are strong against the Austrian leaders of the Servian invasion, especially against Field Marshal Potiorek, who only eight days ago accepted from the emperor a high decoration after telegraphing that the Servians had been completely defeated and that he would be in Nish in three weeks."

"This telegram also resulted in Gen. Halil, commander of the fortress at Sarajevo, being appointed governor of Belgrade, whence he was constrained to flee five days after his arrival."

"The number of prisoners that the Austro-Hungarians have left in the hands of the Servians since the beginning of the war is placed at 60,000."

Serb King Enters Belgrade.

King Peter, Crown Prince Alexander, and Prince George have entered Belgrade at the head of the victorious Servian army, according to a dispatch received by Reuter's Telegram company today from Nish.

"Not a single Austrian, a statement by the Servian general staff says, remains on Servian soil."

Aلبانیا Declare War?

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 16.—A dispatch from Constantinople to the *Telegraaf* says the tribes in northern Albania have declared war on Servia.

OPENS HOME TO HOMELESS.

Indiana Avenue Woman Tells Police to Put Ten Shivering Men in Basement.

A shelter for ten homeless men was offered by the Indiana avenue station police yesterday by Mrs. S. Le Beau of 3225 Indiana avenue.

"There is room in my basement for ten men to sleep," Mrs. Le Beau told the police. "There is a furnace there, and I know the men would find it warm and as comfortable as sleeping in the station."

"Won't you be afraid with all those men around?" Mrs. Le Beau was asked by Sergeant McBride.

"Of course, I am not asking that drunks be allowed in my house, but I am not afraid of men who really are seeking a shelter from the cold."

KETTLE BLAST KILLS BOY.

Child Scalded When Steam Spurts Out After Blowing Into Spout.

A steaming tea kettle on the stove in home at 1317 West Fifteenth street aroused the curiosity of William Blonsky, 5 years old.

He climbed up on a chair and blew into the spout. The pent up steam burst out, scalding his throat and face. He died early yesterday at the Michael Reese hospital.

"The child's throat was burned so badly," said Dr. G. L. Perusse, superintendent of the hospital, "and swelled to such an extent that in order to keep up respiration it was necessary to insert a tube. Before the operation was finished, however, the child died."

Society Man and Girl He Wed.



MRS. LAWRENCE HEYWORTH

LAWRENCE HEYWORTH

PHOTO: MONTGOMERY

HEYWORTH

ANTI-BILLBOARD LAW UPHELD BY SUPREME COURT

Municipal Art Committee Wins
Fight Against Unsightly
Signs.

The municipal art committee of the City club scored a victory yesterday in its fight to eliminate billboards and painted advertising signs from residential districts. The victory came by way of a decree from the Supreme court of Illinois reversal of a decision of Superior Judge Charles M. Fiebel.

The lower court decided last July that the city ordinance against billboards in residential districts was unconstitutional and granted the Thomas Cusack company a perpetual injunction restraining the city authorities from removing the billboards, which it was alleged by the City club, had been erected in violation of the ordinance.

The ordinance prohibits the construction of billboards in a block in which one-half of the buildings on both sides of the street are used exclusively for residences without first obtaining written consent of a majority of the owners of the street frontage.

Enables Beautifying of City. Everett L. Millard, chairman of the municipal art committee of the City club, said the decision is a great victory for those who have been making a fight to beautify the streets of Chicago.

"This decision is the most sweeping that has ever paled upon the records of Mr. Millard," he said. "It sets a new precedent which will enable any municipality to regulate billboards from a utilitarian standpoint not only as to their location but their height and construction as well."

"Our committee will meet within a day or two to make plans for further action."

Thomas Cusack said his company would obey the order of the higher court and remove the boards which do not comply with the ordinance.

Art Committee Wins Fight.

The municipal art committee of the City club about a year ago started a fight against billboards. Investigators found a number of instances where permits had been given by Building Commissioner Ericsson's office for the erection of billboards without the consent of nearby home owners having been obtained.

One of the boards attacked was at Sheridan road and Irving Park boulevard. The City art committee called the attention of the building commissioners to the fact that the Cusack company had not secured the consent of the property owners. After some hesitation Commissioner Ericsson served a notice on the Cusack company to take down the billboard within forty-eight hours. The billboard company took the case to court and Judge Fiebel decided the city did not have the right to enforce such an ordinance. It was this order which was reversed by the Supreme court.

Vote Means Something.

The Supreme court decided the appropriations made by the Cook county board on March 22, 1914, following a wholesale veto by President McCormick of items in the annual appropriation bill of that year, were illegal.

The court also condemns the practice of including in the annual Cook county appropriation bill an item designated "loss and cost in collection rebate general tax fund," and then ignoring the fund when the distribution of taxes is made.

The court upheld the constitutionality of the May 15 high school tuition act of 1914, which places the school districts, of which no high school exists, eighth grade pupils may transfer to an outside high school and their tuition shall be paid by their home school district until a majority of the property owners gave their consent was upheld.

TAKES POISON: RELENTS.

Fails to Regain Job by One Hour—Seeks Death—Then Thinks of Sick Wife.

Erwin Conrath had been cut off three weeks when he received a letter from the American Express company telling him he could take his old job back. He was so sorry to be unemployed. His wife suddenly became ill, however, and he got down on his hands and knees. He found an other clerk at work on his books.

Conrath tramped the streets all day in search of another job. In the evening instead of returning to his home at 1225 Cornell avenue he purchased poison tablets, walked into the street, and swallowed them.

Then he thought of his sick wife. He ran to the Chicago police station and yelled for a doctor. He fainted in Surgeon O. E. Ayley's arms, but responded to restoratives. He will live.

STOPS PYTHON'S HUNGER STRIKE

Cy De Vry, with Aid of
Krupp Feeder, Conquers
Militant Snake.

7 MONTHS' FAST ENDS.

Seven months ago from its jungle lair in the wilds of India, Romeo, a giant of reptiles, was ensnared and brought in an iron cage to the Lincoln park zoo. Since then thousands of park goers have thought him dead, coiled up in a glass case in the monkey house.

But Romeo was simply on a hunger strike. Cy De Vry, the veteran animal keeper, suspects he got the habit from the orangutans while passing through the jungle.

Mouths passed and Romeo would not eat. His weight dropped from 300 to 215 pounds.

De Vry got a mate for the python, but Romeo remained disconsolate.

De Vry Gets a Tip.

Last Saturday De Vry saw a picture of a "gun" used to feed sick animals. "Just the thing!" he exclaimed. "Now I will have Romeo at my mercy."

Yesterday the gun arrived. It resembles a small Krupp remodeled to a gun.

Twenty-four hours led Romeo from the glass case. After much coaxing by De Vry and hissing by Romeo, the snake was plunged into a tank of hot water. There his summer coat was removed.

Romeo was then placed on a fifty foot board. Forty hands were required to hold him still.

De Vry Oils Up Feeder.

De Vry fastened the "gun" at the head of the board and oiled the mechanism. Twenty pounds of chopped pork and beef with fresh pig's blood were placed in the cylinder of the feeder, to which a stick and forced Romeo's mouth open.

In addition to these enterprises he has gold time during the last twenty years to fight the things he has to fight. The leader in Mexico, with the Boers in South Africa, and in the Boxer uprising in China. At times he rode on the crest of the wave of fortune and just as often he was in hard financial straits.

In Melbourne, besides owning a race horse and a string of thoroughbreds, he held a half interest in a gambling casino and was making money so fast that it took a lot of help to even him to spend it.

De Vry Dies Up Feeder.

Then came business reverses, ending one night when he engaged in a poker game with his partner. When his cash ran out one possession after another was wiped out, and the show down came when he found himself penniless.

The following years were spent in South Africa, New Zealand, and Mexico.

Upon his arrival here, although greatly changed in appearance, Secretary Stevenson recognized him at once.

DETROIT MAIDEN WOMAN, 62, AX VICTIM: BROTHER HELD.

Miss Frances Bonholt Found with Head Split—Robber Believed Motive for Murder.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 16.—[Special.]—With the head crushed, the body of Miss Frances Bonholt, 62 years old, was found in a kneeling posture beside the bed in a room in her home this afternoon. The body was found by her brother, Charles Bonholt, superintendent of Hammond Starrett & Co.

With Miss Bonholt lived her two brothers, Charles and John, and a nephew, Fiorenz Rueping. John was placed under arrest this evening.

PRESIDENT WILSON DOES HIS CHRISTMAS SHOPPING.

Has to Push Through Crowds in Stores—Mrs. Sayre Coming to White House Next Week.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 16.—President Wilson did his Christmas shopping today. He went into the downtown district at the rush hour, armed with a list of purchases he desired to make, and visited a department store, two book stores, and a jewelry establishment.

All of the places were crowded, and at times the president had to push his way through to get what he wanted. He was recognized by many of the shoppers, and greeted, who spoke to him with a broad smile. He was followed by several secret service men.

Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, the president's daughter, will arrive early next week to spend Christmas at the White House. She is expected to return for more than a month.

TEN MILLION PERSONS NEARLY DESTITUTE IN U.S.

Sup. Lies Tells Midway Sociology Class of Poverty Problem and Causes in America.

Ten million persons in the United States are on the verge of dependency due to poverty.

This is an estimate made by Eugene T. Lies, superintendent of the United Charities, yesterday in an address to the sociology class of the University of Chicago. Twenty thousand persons had been befriended by the charities in Chicago alone during the last year, he said, and 14,000 had been given outings.

Acute sickness, 3,614; chronic sickness, 1,140; alcoholism and tuberculosis he gave as the chief causes of dependency observed in Chicago.

Then he thought of his sick wife. He ran to the Chicago police station and yelled for a doctor. He fainted in Surgeon O. E. Ayley's arms, but responded to restoratives. He will live.

NOTE THE NAME CELESTINS VICHY (FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)

PRICES NOW
the same as before the War

Normal shipments from France have now been resumed and this famous Mineral Water can be readily supplied by all Dealers.

Sold in QUARTS, PINTS and SPLITS
CELESTINS CELESTINS

BELOVED DEAD DURING 23 YEARS, HE VISITS CHUM

Cy De Vry,

with Aid of
Krupp Feeder, Conquers
Militant Snake.

SON OF LATE CONGRESSMAN BRECKINRIDGE, THOUGHT LOST AT SEA, IS ALIVE.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 16.—Robert Breckinridge, member of one of the most prominent families in the south and son of the late W. C. F. Breckinridge of Lexington, a member of congress twenty years, sailed for Europe in May, 1891.

The ship on which he was a passenger was lost at sea and young Breckinridge was numbered among the missing.

Months passed and Romeo would not eat. His weight dropped from 300 to 215 pounds.

De Vry got a mate for the python, but

CONNERY ASKS JUDGES TO "PUNISH" H. S. KEELER.

Recorder Attacked by Efficiency
Bureau Wants Jurors' Committee
to Clear Him of Charges.

County Recorder Connery, in an appeal made yesterday to the Circuit court judges to exonerate him from the charges made by the Chicago bureau of public efficiency, declared he must "retire" from public life under a serious suspicion" unless the committee of judges gives him redress.

In his appeal he asked that Harris S. Keeler, director of the board, be "punished" for the accusations made against the county recorder.

Mr. Keeler would make no statement to Mr. Connery's charge that the bureau is working in the interests of the "abstract trust." It was intimated the charges are considered insufficient to warrant a reply.

FLASH FOLLOWS INQUIRY.

The dispute arose from an investigation being made by the judges to determine the amount of additional help needed in county offices. Mr. Connery's demand for more clerks met with the opposition of the bureau.

Albert Becker of the Chicago bureau of public efficiency and former employee in the county recorder's office, was the first witness placed on the stand at last night's session at the inquiry.

According to his testimony, Mr. Becker was discharged by County Recorder Connery and five weeks later was again employed in the county recorder's office in the investigation of the records in the tax and special assessments department of the recorder's office, where he worked when in the recorder's employ.

JUDGE QUESTIONS BECKER.

He asked that he obtained the position with the bureau five weeks after his discharge.

Following along the line suggested in Mr. Connery's allegation that the bureau is plotting to cripple his office in the interest of the Chicago Title and Trust company, Judge Scanlan questioned Becker particularly how he obtained his present position.

Becker, answering these questions, testified he had talked with Mr. Davis.

John C. Satterlee, head of the transcription department of the recorder's office, testified he had heard last night that the bureau was in bad condition.

"Does this condition help the Chicago Title and Trust company?" asked Judge Scanlan.

"It must help them," was the reply.

NEGRO IS KILLED BY MOB.

Black, Accused of Attacking White Girl, Shot to Death in South Carolina.

Hampton, S. C., Dec. 16.—Allen Scymour, a negro, accused of attacking a young white woman, was removed from the county jail here early today by a mob and shot to death. The jailer was overpowered. No arrests have been made.

PEACOCK GIFTS

YOU may be sure that any gift with the Peacock imprint of quality will arouse instant appreciation on the part of the recipient. If you are doubtful of your own ability to choose the right thing, the judgment and experience of our salesmen will prove helpful.

Store Open Evenings Until Christmas

WOMEN'S RINGS

Birthday Rings, \$1.50 to \$20.

Ring, fancy settings, diamonds and other stones, \$15 to \$50.

Oriental Pierced Rings, \$3.50 to \$50.

Signature Rings, semi-precious stones, \$5 to \$25.

Diamond Rings, \$5 up.

Gold Thimbles, \$2.50 up.

Gold Corsage Bouquets, \$4.00 up.

Gold Bar Pins, engine turned, engraved or enamel inlaid, \$3 to \$10.

Gold Bar Pins, stone set, \$5 up.

Gold Mounted Cameo Brooches, \$6.50 to \$25.

Gold Filled Juliet Sets, \$1.20 to \$20.

Platinum Bar Pins, \$3.50 up.

Gold and Silver Mounted Leather Spectacle Cases, \$2.50 to \$15.

Lorgnettes, silver and gunmetal, \$4 to \$12; gold, \$15.00 up.

Gold and Silver Spectacle Cases, \$9 to \$18.

Gold Friendship Circle Chiffon Pins, \$3 up.

Gold Mounted Diamond Brooches, \$5 to \$50.

Platinum and Gold Bracelets, new designs, \$18 up.

Gold and Silver Mounted Leather Spectacle Cases, \$2.50 to \$15.

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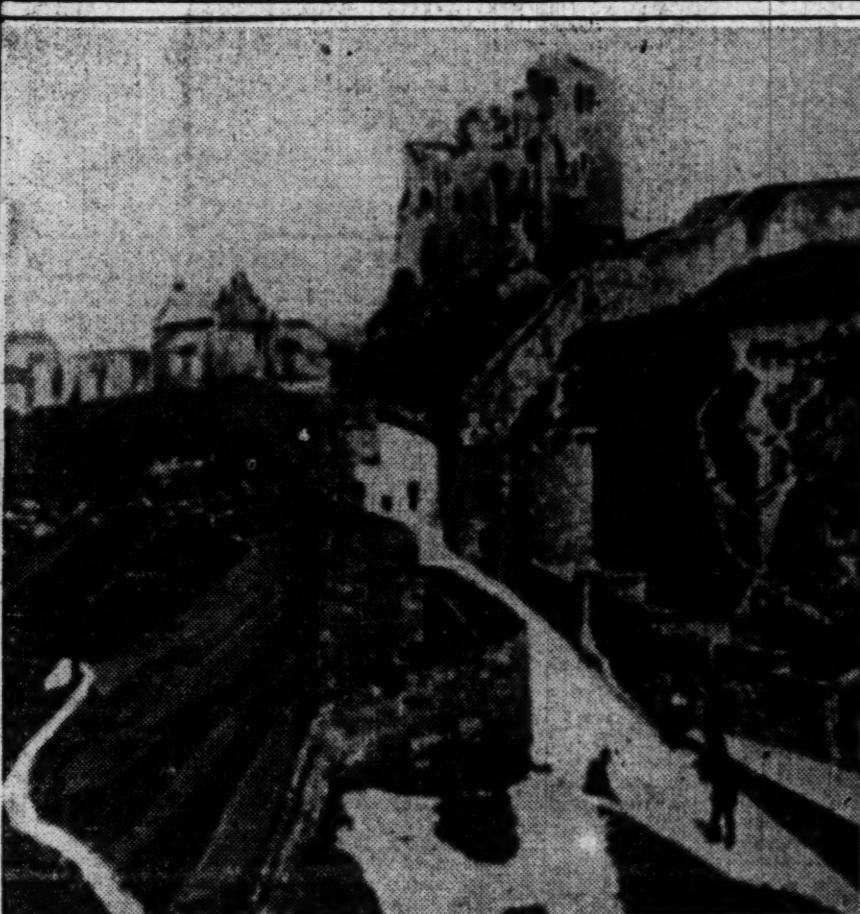
Platinum and Gold Bracelets, new designs, \$18 up.

Gold and Silver Mounted Leather Spectacle Cases, \$9 to \$18.

Germans in Naval Raid on the East Coast of England.



SCARBOROUGH, ENGLAND'S FAMOUS YORKSHIRE SUMMER RESORT TOWN BOMBARDED BY THE GERMANS—The permanent population of Scarborough is more than 40,000, though at the height of the summer season it is more than twice this. It is situated on a series of terraces arising from the sea, which terminate on the north and south in abrupt cliffs. The most prominent feature of the resort is a promontory 300 feet high, extending out into the sea, which divides the beautiful bay into a north and south bay.

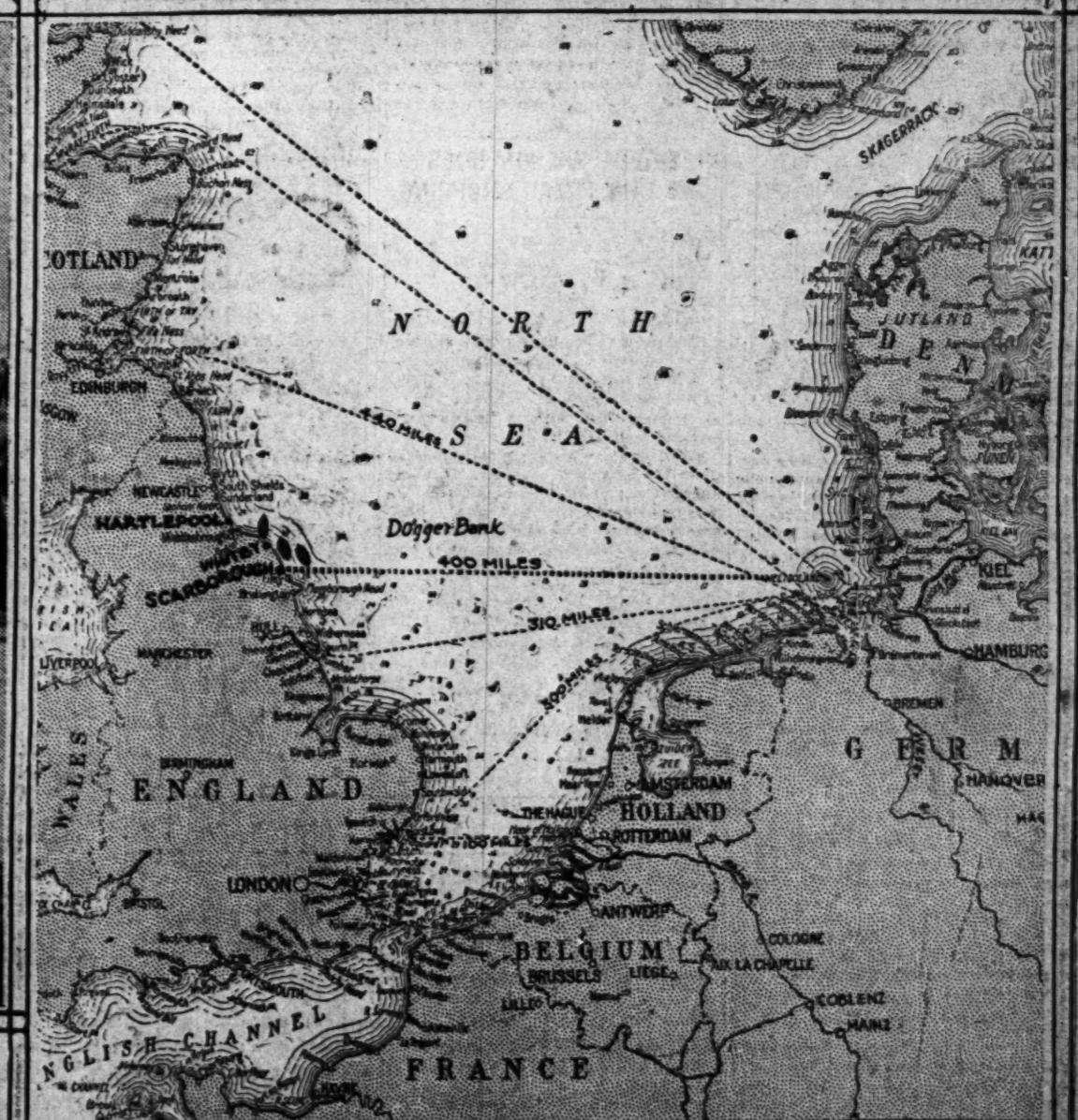


SCARBOROUGH CASTLE—This old ruin, dating back to Norman days, is situated on the promontory overlooking the north sea. It was built in 1163 by William le Gros, Earl of Albemarle and Holderness. It is one of the most striking objects on the Yorkshire coast.



A VIEW OF THE HARBOR AT HARTLEPOOL
—This seaport and municipal borough of England is in the southern part of the county of Durham, the southern boundary of which joins Yorkshire. Its population is about 25,000. Adjoining Hartlepool is West Hartlepool, a city of more than 65,000 inhabitants. It is one of the largest eastern ports of England, and before the war had an active trade with the Baltic ports and with Hamburg, Antwerp and Rotterdam. Its chief industries are shipbuilding and iron founding.

THE SPA AT SCARBOROUGH—Although definite reports of the damage done by the German shells is lacking, it is believed that the Spa and the large hotel overlooking the bay were seriously damaged. The hotel, built on a prominence, offered a fine mark for the German gunners.



GERMAN ATTACK ON EAST COAST OF ENGLAND

Scarborough, Whitby, and Hartlepool, the three towns shelled by the kaiser's cruisers yesterday, are about 200 miles north of London. Reports state that the loss of life will run over twenty-five, with more than 100 wounded. At least two or possibly four ships took part in the attack which opened on Scarborough about 7 o'clock in the morning.

Much damage is reported from the three towns, especially at Scarborough. All three towns are practically unfortified except for small, obsolete batteries.

In making the dash the Germans went 400 miles from the shelter of their base at Helgoland, depending on the suddenness of the attack and a quick retreat to get away from the British fleet patrolling the North sea.

at least two of the German cruisers were sunk.

This raid is the fiercest in modern times that an enemy has made against the English coast. It has not been altogether unexpected, however, as there have been persistent reports for the last month that Germany was preparing for an attack. The desperate drive to the channel forts made by the German right wing in Belgium and

made by the German right wing in Belgium and northern France was for the purpose of securing a near naval base from which an invasion could be attempted.

office in London last night said that a British patrolling squadron gave chase to the raiders, but that they escaped in the mist.



The Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER JUNE 16, 1873, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1873.

All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters, and pictures sent to "The Tribune" are sent at the owner's risk, and the Tribune company expressly repudiates any liability or responsibility for their safe custody or return.

SWORN STATEMENT.

Net paid circulation of "The Chicago Tribune" as reported under oath to the United States government under section 6073 of the postal laws and regulations, being the average from April 1, 1914, to Sept. 30, 1914:

Net 262,316
Daily.....
Sunday.....

The above figures are exclusive of all papers which have been wasted, spoiled, returned, duplicated, delivered as complimentary, in exchange, as samples, which were missed or lost, or were late in arriving at their destination, or that remained unused. They also are exclusive of papers paid for but on which money no paid has been refunded.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1914.

To an active external commerce the protection of a naval force is indispensable. This is manifest with regard to wars in which a state is itself a party. But besides this, it is in our experience that the most sincere neutrality is not a sufficient guard against the depredations of nations at war. To secure respect to a neutral flag requires a naval force organized and ready to vindicate it from insult or aggression. This may even prevent the necessity of going to war by discouraging belligerent powers from committing such violations of the rights of the neutral party as may, first or last, leave no other option.—From the Eighth Annual Address of George Washington, May 28, 1756.

IN PLAIN ENGLISH.

Advocates of a "nonpartisan" or "independent" ticket in the municipal elections of next April should face honestly what their policy means.

They should understand that it means a third ticket, and a third ticket means the election of a Democratic mayor.

If they are seeking such a result, they are taking the right road to it, although they may call the road "nonpartisanship."

THROUGH THINKING OF SAFETY.

A great philosopher once said, paradoxically, that thinking does not help thought. But thinking helps an endless number of practical things. Safety in travel has been promoted to an extraordinary degree by the mere process of taking thought.

The report of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad on its six year safety campaign is a significant report of progress and success. The employees of the road have 11,258 fewer accidents to their debt than they had for the corresponding period prior to the campaign. Lives have been saved; suffering has been prevented; the road has benefited financially and morally, as have its patrons. A new sense of the avoidability of accidents has been developed. It used to be the stereotyped claim that this or that collision or wreck was unavoidable. Today the company states that over 97 per cent of certain accidents during a given period could have been avoided.

The safety campaign has spread, as we know, not only carriers but manufacturers and others have taken it up. Thinking about safety brings safety; a little expense and organization at the start yield rich returns all along. This source of dividends is not affected by anything. The Titantic need not have been lost; more attention to safety would have prevented the fatal collision. It is human nature to grow careless, to assume that things will go well because they have gone well. Systematic thought about safety is thought about the prevention of negligence and the utilization of devices and regulations that obviate or minimize danger—given danger from the fallible human factor.

IT IS TIME TO KNOW.

The testimony of Commander Yates Stirling before the house committee on naval affairs Tuesday emphasizes the need for just such a survey of naval and army administration and conditions as Representative Gardner is urging.

Commander Stirling asserts that of our submarine only one is fit for use.

Last Saturday the public was reading the secretary of the navy's breezy report, in which our submarine strength was placed at fifty-one.

Which assertion represents the truth—the practical fact which we would have to accept in the event of an immediate call for naval operations?

The easiest, but in case of trial the most expensive, policy is to accept the generalities of bureaucrats and permit department discipline to discourage, intimidate, or smother the candid criticism of practical men who in time of war would be expected to fight effectively and die cheerfully with whatever weapons they have and in time of peace are expected to keep their mouths closed as to the value of those weapons.

Let the public perish no doubt of this—that Commander Stirling is doing a courageous and patriotic act which is not unlikely in due time to cost him something substantial in the way of official favor. That is only human. Bureau chiefs do not like criticism any more than the rest of us. The house naval affairs committee will not enjoy any testimony that is construed as reflecting on its competence. Therefore the officer who speaks bluntly and tells unpleasant facts is not strewing his own path with roses—unless he can force a pretty thorough change of men and methods.

But that is just the sort of daring testimony that the public should demand. We are likely to get very little of it in any hearing before the regular naval and military committees of congress, for the very simple reason that these committees are not and humanly cannot be impartial judges, since their responsibility for present conditions is obviously considerable. Nothing shows the president's want of real consideration of the defense situation more plainly than his ingenuous offer to support any inquiry by these committees, while opposing the Gardner resolution for an inquiry by a real commission.

With the president in opposition, with congress haltingly indifferent, with an active pressure against preparedness by what the New Republic has well named the "passivists," with the natural disposition of such officials in congress, the depart-

ments, or the services as may be interested in protecting present conditions, the chances of a genuine investigation and the initiation of substantial measures of betterment are not bright—unless the American press and leaders of opinion raise and focus an effective demand.

The facts of national defense or lack of defense have been shirked for years. Consistent, persistent constructive action has been impossible while the facts are shirked. The European war has tended to stimulate public thought. Now is the time for a survey and for the beginning of a safer and more intelligent policy. It is not necessary to be an alarmist, a jingo, or a militarist to insist upon this.

PUBLIC RIGHT IN DANGER.

Is the fight for public regulation of water power to be lost on the eve of victory?

Mr. Henning's dispatch of Wednesday discloses a serious crisis. The bill which passed the house having the approval of the National Conservation association, Secretary of the Interior Lane, and President Wilson has now fallen into unfriendly hands. The commerce committee of the senate is considering with apparent favor hostile amendment or outright substitution. The substitute measure is said to have been drawn by Mr. Rome G. Brown of Minnesota, well known to conservation advocates as an able gentleman representing private water power interests of the more uncompromising class. The committee room or its neighborhood discloses the presence of representatives of this school of so-called public policy, while most of the more moderate views, men who concede the propriety of at least some degree of regulation in the public interest, are not present.

In other words, the commerce committee of the senate is working in an atmosphere not conducive to a critical and alert consideration of our national water power problems. This committee numbers some reliable conservationists, like Senator Norris, but also some men like Myers of Montana, who seem to be under the complete influence of reaction. Predatory private capital evidently intends taking advantage of the general public assumption that the conservation fight is won and its principles of public protection firmly established. That is the danger of the present situation, and it should be met promptly and energetically.

To prevent monopoly and extortion in power development is the purpose of the bill favored by the conservatives. It presents an issue of popular rights which every free man, in congress or out, and every free newspaper ought to be quick to fight for. Ruthless selfish interest is always awake. Public spirit should not be caught asleep now while the public interest in public resources of this and succeeding generations is at stake.

FRESH AIR FOR SCHOOLS.

Director Kingsley of the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial fund states that an investigation at the close of the last school year disclosed the fact that there were 5,248 subnormal and defective children of children from tuberculous families. There are now nineteen open air schools which take care of 535 subnormal children. They cost about \$35,000 to maintain. Director Kingsley urges the opening of enough open air schools to take care of the subnormal or exposed children. He says: "The fresh air treatment is found to have the most beneficial effect on children of this class. The dullness and partial asphyxiation resulting from poor ventilation and overheating of public school rooms is not noticed in the open air schools, and the results that have been attained in added weight, increased resistance to disease, better mental tone, and happier children are the strongest arguments for extending this work so that every physically subnormal child shall have his needs met in the open air school."

On this appeal a parent wrote to THE TRIBUNE: "Providing for subnormals is well enough doubtless. But how about my normal children who are being driven into the subnormal class by bad ventilation and other bad conditions in the shut-in schools they must attend? Every fall my children return from their open air vacation to the shut-in schools, brown and bright eyed, and my wife and I see them steadily fade under the conditions they find in our school rooms. Because an amateur or careless teacher may be afraid of a draft the packed school room is poison."

What sort of a civic intelligence is it that extends money and science bringing a few hundred subnormals up to the normal standard while thousands of normals are weighed down to the subnormal level by conditions at least partially preventable?

I respect Mr. Kingsley and his work and believe in the philanthropy which supports it. But what is the matter with our public agencies which, in the face of demonstration, tear down where it is their business to construct?"

The mechanical problem of ventilation is a very difficult one, and our sanitary standards are ahead of our ability to meet them. We cannot afford to discard all our school buildings, even though conditions in them sometimes impair vitality. School architecture is improving, however. Nevertheless, it is well to challenge the present defects of our system and push energetically forward to more efficient methods and equipment.

The easiest, but in case of trial the most expensive, policy is to accept the generalities of bureaucrats and permit department discipline to discourage, intimidate, or smother the candid criticism of practical men who in time of war would be expected to fight effectively and die cheerfully with whatever weapons they have and in time of peace are expected to keep their mouths closed as to the value of those weapons.

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With the president in opposition, with congress haltingly indifferent, with an active pressure against preparedness by what the New Republic has well named the "passivists," with the natural disposition of such officials in congress, the depart-

A LINE-O-TYPE OR TWO.

Cicero's agent comes to you
in farago style.—JOURNAL.

YOUNG GRIMES.

THO' Grimes is dead, that good old man,
His son, Young Grimes, you know;
He lives in a suburban house
That has a cupola.

He is a light-complexioned man.
From affection free;
You've often seen him reading in
The Public Library.

Young Grimes is careful of his health—
He's not an athlete;
He wears a muffler round his neck
And aches on his feet.

A chest protector, too, he thinks,
A move precautionary,
For bronchial attacks may come
In Jan. or February.

His morning rolls and coffee stowed,
(He owns a peculator,)
He boards an Evington express
Upon the Elevator.

Before he leaves his telephone
His grocer, Mr. Fitch,
And orders spinach, redishes,
And cranberries, and such.

He likes to talk about the war,
Of sorties and of salutes,
And hand to hand encounters 'twixt
The Germans and the Allies.

An ardent moving picture fan,
He goes to every film,
Accompanied by a maiden aunt
Who lives near State and Ellum.

I might run on with this, if I
Had nothing else to do;
But other things Young Grimes gets off
No doubt occurs to you.

THE俄 is raised, "They say! They say!"
The Russian equivalent for Gen. Wolfe raised
himself on his elbow, "Who say?" he asked.
"That," replied an aid, "depends on which afternoon
paper you do take in. In the American, the
Russians do the stealing; in the Journal, the Germans
are the ones on the run." The dying General sank
back. "As I read neither," he gasped.

UNDER Holidays for December, in the Atlantic
Monthly Almanac, we find this:
"Holy Innocents. Woodrow Wilson born 1856."

20 Below Zero in Advertising.

Sir: Sign on theater on Thirty-first street:
"Come in. This theater 20° cooler than on the
street." L. A. R.

MIME SCHWIMMER'S notion of a "startling
scheme" for ending the war is to send over
Secretary Bryan, Jane Addams, and Carrie Chapman
Catt. Whatsher trying to do, Roska, kid
somebody?

THE HIGHER EDUCATION.

Sir: From the train, just out of Detroit, I saw
a building labeled, "Michigan Farmers Bean
Elevator." I thought the agricultural college
was at Lansing. C. F. P.

THE little fury along the English coast
yesterday must have been a big boom for the
re-erecting offices.

In Which Maw Makes the Line.
I could be Old B. L. T.
I never would mean or pine;
I'd bid farewell to every fear;
As I always make the Line.

I won't help earn your salary.
To pay your bills and rents;
And as this pome is worth a wage
Please send me fifteen cents.

Get busy now and print this dope.
Without a swear or whim;
Then tell Ted P. of the Tribune staff,
"Ter Maw has made the Line."

SAINT ANN PIPER.
PEOPLE will do anything to bust into print. A
number of persons have gone so far as to compose
replies to William Watson's recent atrocious.

POMES YOU MAY HAVE MISSED.

THE AUTUMN OF 1914.
(From the Worcester, Mass., Journal.)

"Tis true no killing frost did come
In this Autumnal clime,
To deaden soil and frost
Ahead of nature's time.

But then we lost the foliage
Which gives us so much joy—
The leaves and golden gild,
The sun and all the rest.

You cannot have spring weather,
When autumn's days have come,
And still have autumn beauties
To decorate the home.

But we are so surprised
We always wait the frost,
Or what is better suited
To protect waste, at least.

What we have is not the same,
For we're too early in the season,
And who thinks he's better
Had better guess again.

WE did meet one squad of Red Cross men
marching on foot through the dust," relates Irvin Cobb in the Sat. Eve. Post. Is Mr. Cobb paid by the word? Reply: He must be.

POLAND.

"If seven thousand howitzers
Swept it for half a year,
Do you suppose," the Kaiser said,
"That they could get it clear?"

"I doubt it," said the Chancellor.
And shed a bitter tear.

DOMINA BANNA.

SPECIAL: Mr. McCutcheon will talk of his
adventures and exhibit war pictures in Assembly
hall, Fine Arts building, next Sunday evening.
The proceeds will go to the Archer Road Day
nursery. Come on over.

WHAT HE SAID.

Sir: Land-seeker, imitating Peabody grape juice
while touring the vicinity of Grand Bay, A.M.:
"Shayboys, I shear Grand Bay, I shear Oran-
Highan's (sic). I shear the whole Gran' Worl".
(Pause to hic.) If I ain't shearin' it, I'm sheelin'.

R. P. B.

THE best part of that quotation from Isabel

Gordon Curtis was omitted. Let's try it again:

"He stood poised on his crutches with his

one leg swinging impatiently like a pointer's tail

awaiting the master's word to leap upon its

prey."

WE HAVE YET TO RECEIVE SUCH A GEM.

Sir: In Dr. Hammond's view that the tallings
of the Cylons run higher than the concentrates
due to your spilling things when you can't write
a caption equal to the contribution? D. M. L.

NEVADA, Ia., has an immortal in Mrs. Love

Drybread. Must be a b. p. fan.

THE WRETON.

(From the Bono, Ia., News-Republican.)

Aug. Barnes drove to Bono Thursday on business. He
came home loaded.

MURKIN: JOSH SLINGER cables that the German

man to bombard St. Andrews.

THE customary warning will be given:

"FORB!"

R. L. T.

How to Keep Well
By Dr. W. A. Evans

Questions pertaining to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitations and where a stamped, addressed envelope is included. Dr. Evans will not make diagnoses or prescribe for individual diseases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

(Copyright: 1914: By Dr. W. A. Evans.)

SOME LESSONS IN CONTROLLING
CONTAGION.

Dr. Carter's very able discussion of

yellow fever there are some observa-

URGES U. S. AID FOR BUILDING OF GOOD ROADS

Joint Congressional Committee
Agrees Money Granted Will
Be Well Spent.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.
Washington, D. C., Dec. 16.—(Special.)—The incalculable advantages that would accrue to the United States from the construction of a system of model highways throughout the country, are described in the forthcoming report of the joint congressional committee on federal aid to the construction of public roads.

In the report, the contents of which the Tribune herewith presents, the committee proposes the building of roads equal to European thoroughfares by co-operation of the national government, the states, counties, and other local agencies.

The committee refrains from recommending any specific plan of action, although it had before it numerous proposals varying from outright grants of \$50,000,000 for road building to former Senator Bourne's bill providing for an issue of fifty year bonds aggregating \$500,000,000.

Conclusions in the Report.

The principal conclusions presented by the report are that the work should proceed at once to devise a broad, comprehensive plan for federal aid to the building of model roads.

The supervision of the government's highway building activities should be intrusted to a congressional commission, not an administrative bureau.

Care should be exercised that federal aid be scientific and effective and not degenerate into a "pork barrel" raid on the national treasury.

First class roads in this country would reduce the cost of living, improve business, and ameliorate educational and social conditions in rural communities.

Congress Wants Full Control.

One of the most remarkable features of the report is the argument in favor of committing the supervision of federal aid to road building to a congressional committee instead of to an administrative bureau.

In reciting the evils and dangers of bureaucratic administration the committee takes what is generally regarded as a slap at the management of the national government under President Wilson as well as under his predecessors. Concluding this argument, the commission says:

"The enactment of legislation which delegates legislative power to an administrative bureau, however well intentioned, less than an express acknowledgement that congress is lacking in confidence in its own ability and regards the administrative officers as best qualified for law-making functions."

"If the people of the United States have lost some of their ancient respect for congress and look with suspicion upon legislative acts there is nothing which has contributed more to bring about this condition than the tendency of congress to express lack of confidence in itself by delegating its powers to men who were not chosen by the people for the exercise of such authority."

Warning Against "Pork Barrel."

Wear of a "pork barrel" in appropriating for good roads, is one of the chief warnings uttered by the committee. This advice is regarded as exceedingly interesting because the Shuckett bill appropriating \$25,000,000 for roads in the forty-eight states, now pending in the senate, has been branded as a "pork barrel" measure.

It is contended that the small portions

of this sum received by each state, even in connection with local appropriations, would accomplish so little in actual road building that the appropriation really would amount to the dispensation of so much political "pork."

"In the first place," the committee says, "we believe that when the United States government undertakes so important a problem as that of federal aid to good roads it should undertake it in a large way."

"Probably the chief fault of highway work is that it is not conducted either from necessity imposed by lack of local finances or through shortsighted highway construction and maintenance has been conducted in a small and haphazard way. The annual expenditures on any particular piece of road have been so slight as to barely cover reasonable maintenance, with the result that it is a common expression that highway funds have been largely dumped into mud-holes."

Will Lower Living Cost.

From an economic standpoint, says the report, good roads constitute the most important question of government now before the people.

Analyzing the cost of wagon transportation, and after the committee finds that "good surface roads similar to those in France would effect a saving of 15 cents per ton mile, or nearly two-thirds of the present cost. Even if the cost could be reduced 8 cents a ton mile, a saving of \$64,000,000 a year in the cost of American products hauled to market over rural roads could be effected."

"Canada has sent more men to the road congress than ever in its history. This in itself should be an indication of the Canadian spirit."

Three Hundred at Banquet.

More than 300 persons attended the banquet. W. A. MacLean, commissioner of public works of Ontario and president of the congress, presided. William G. Edwards, president of the associated roads organizations of Cook county, gave a local tongue to the speeches by inviting the congress to hold its next and all succeeding sessions in Chicago. John Carlisle, road commissioner of New York, was another speaker. He pronounced the present congress the best in the history of the organization.

Report Covers Administration.

Taking up the administration of a federal aid system the report says:

"Congress should make careful provision for such administration of the federal aid system, but that the states should be given the right to control their local highway affairs and guard against dictatorship from a federal bureau in Washington."

"We are clearly and firmly of the conviction that when congress enacts legislation upon such an important subject as that of federal aid to good roads there should be no evasion whatever of legislative responsibility, but that congress should after giving due sufficient consideration as to every phase of the subject, and in such comprehensive and specific language as will leave as little discretion as possible to the executive branch of government."

"The result has been that millions of dollars has been spent on roads where the correct engineering plans were not used."

BEWARE HOW YOU BUY NUTS!

PEDDLERS GET ANCIENT KIND

Four Cars of Old English Walnuts and Filberts Four Years Old Discovered by Clean Food Club.

Four cars of nuts ranging in age from three to four years were brought to Chicago yesterday. None will be sold on the streets, according to the Clean Food Club of Chicago. The cars are filled with English walnuts and filberts. An investigator for the Clean Food Club examined the nuts and found practically none of them eatable because of the advanced age. Peddlers have reported to the investigator they were going to sell the nuts for 25 cents for four pounds.

The wholesale price of new English walnuts and filberts is 10 cents. The Clean Food Club reported the importation of the nuts to the state food inspection department.

Painter Victim of Lead Poisoning.

Arthur Head of 1628 Ogden avenue, a painter, died yesterday from the effects of lead poisoning as a result of inhaling the fumes of paint is thought to have been the cause of his death. An autopsy will be held today.

It is contended that the small portions

WAR NO STOP ON ROAD BUILDING

Despite Struggles of Nations
Canadian Work Being
Pushed.

SPEAK AT BANQUET.

BY REED L. PARKER.

In an address at the annual banquet the American road builders last night E. H. Armstrong, commissioner of public works of the province of Nova Scotia, said road building in Canada would be conducted in a small and haphazard way.

"The annual expenditures on any particular piece of road have been so slight as to barely cover reasonable

maintenance, with the result that it is

a common expression that highway funds have been largely dumped into mud-holes."

**Y.M.C.A. TEACHES 4,000 MEN
TO SPEAK ENGLISH TONGUE.**

Aliens Get Good Schooling and
Many Become Citizens of the
United States.

Nearly 4,000 men and boys of foreign birth have been taught the English language and the principles of American citizenship by the Chicago Y. M. C. A. during the last year, according to a statement issued yesterday by Field Secretary England.

Sixty-three classes were conducted in thirty-one different centers of the city, and the total enrollment was 3,782. Nineteen of the classes were held in manufacturing plants, where such expenses as heat and light were borne by the companies employing the men. Others were held in the association buildings, clubs, churches, missions, and boarding houses.

Many college students donated their services as teachers, and one Princeton graduate gave \$5,000 as a nucleus of a fund to be used in making better citizens of aliens.

One hundred members of the various

classes took the oath of allegiance to their newly adopted country last Monday in the Superior court.

**G. O. P. MAY BLOCK
LAWMAKING TO
FORCE RECOUNT**

Next Legislature Faces Tieup If Oak Park Election De- cision Stands.

Flat and definite demand that there be a recount of the ballots in the Eleventh and Twenty-third senatorial districts before any kind of business is transacted in the coming session of the Illinois state senate is the answer of the Republicans to the prevailing gossip that the state canvassing board will seat two Democrats instead of two Republicans from these districts.

A certain Republican state senator said last night that the disposition of the Republican senators is to fight the state canvassing board to a standstill if it shall happen eventually that the certificates are granted to Strauss and Byrne, Democrats, rather than to Austin and Baldwin, Republicans.

The effect of such a Republican determination carries with it a general deadlock of all legislative affairs.

Gov. Dunne has not indicated what his ultimate decision will be. Some believe he will not side with the Ryan-Brady report. Political and legislative experts have tried in vain to see a valid reason for the Brady-Ryan finding. The indication meeting in Oak Park set for tomorrow night may cast some light upon

the record less than \$1,000, it is claimed.

G. O. P. GIVES UP CONTESTS.

Inability to Raise \$5,000 Fund
Ascribed as Cause for Aban-
doning Fight.

The defeated Republican candidates in the November election have abandoned practically all plans for contesting the result of that election. Lack of financial assistance is ascribed as the reason.

The final determination will be reached some time next week by the full county committee.

The ultimate decision was directed to the

Brady-Ryan finding. The indication

which was directed to raise the necessary

\$5,000 fund to prosecute the contests pro-

ceeded less than \$1,000, it is claimed.

REPORT COVERS ADMINISTRATION.

Taking up the administration of a fed-

eral aid system the report says:

"Congress should make careful pro-

vision for such administration of the fed-

eral aid system, but that the states

should be given the right to control their local highway affairs and guard against dictatorship from a federal bureau in Washington."

"We are clearly and firmly of the con-

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should be no evasion whatever of legisla-

tive responsibility, but that congress

should after giving due sufficient con-

sideration as to every phase of the sub-

ject as to the time of their occu-

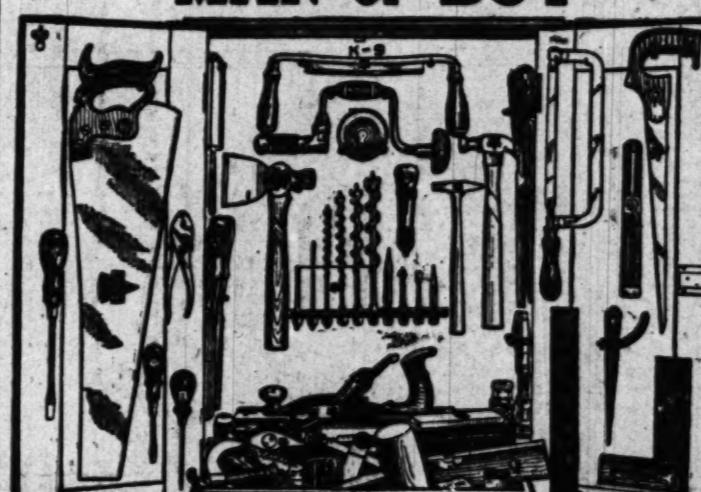
pation of the office, and that the outgoings may have not found out.

"The result has been that millions of

dollars has been spent on roads where the

correct engineering plans were not used."

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Stop drinking pleasure—system humanize—noticing "heroic" Drugs are withdrawn gradually, and with the aid of our tonic, you do patients for life.

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your boy wants
"something
to eat."

Give him

Sulzer's Raisin Bread

If you had your choice of a thousand foods you could find nothing more wholesome and nourishing than whole wheat flour and big, meaty, tasty, seedless California raisins. The raisins are highly nourishing and mildly laxative.

And your boy will like this
raisin bread as well as cake.

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is unquestionably the BEST bran bread made. Sulzer is so particular about it that the flour which goes into it is ground fresh each day from selected wheat. Your physician will tell you it is a splendid laxative.

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LIBRARY LAMP \$5.00 to \$40.00
DESK LAMPS 2.00 to 30.00
BED LAMPS 5.00 to 30.00
STUDENT LAMPS 2.00 to 30.00
FLOOR LAMPS 5.50 to 35.00
TOASTERS 3.00 to 10.00

CHASING DISHES \$10.00 to \$35.00
COFFEE PERCOLATORS 5.00 to 25.00
TRAVELING OUTFITS 5.00 to 12.00
HAIR DRYERS 3.00 to 25.00
SUSAN CLAMBERS 25.00 to 45.00
VACUUM CLEANERS 75.00 to 125.00
WASHING MACHINES 30.00 to 135.00

CHRISTMAS GIVING

Let us make our Gifts this year with thankfulness for the Peace and Good Will which prevail amongst us.

The assured returning of prosperity and the desire to make good cheer for those who are dear to us, while not forgetting the poor and unfortunate, will make this year's Christmas a real old-fashioned one.

A gift from SPAULDING & CO. carries with it a prestige and a guarantee of excellence which means pleasure and satisfaction to both giver and recipient.

We have consistently adhered to the policy of maintaining excellence in our wares, and made the name of SPAULDING & CO. synonymous with all that is best in

GRAIN EXPORTS SPELL REVIVAL; GROW STEADILY

November Shipments 20,000,
000 Bushels, 17,000,000
More than Year Ago.

If the outpouring of America's bumper grain crop to war stricken Europe will boom business in this country, Uncle Sam is coming in for a period of unusual prosperity.

Reports from New York, Baltimore, New Orleans, Galveston, and other large grain shipping ports disclose that 20,000,000 bushels of wheat were exported during last November. In November, 1913, only 3,000,000 bushels of wheat were exported from the United States.

The dispatches also state that at the rate wheat is pouring out of those ports now the record of shipments for December will exceed that for November.

The greater part of the grain is going to England, France, Italy, Spain, Holland, Denmark, Norway, and Sweden.

Boom in Other Lines.
In other products, too, American business is on the boom. Dispatches from Washington last night carried a report from the department of commerce showing that exports are gradually increasing and that if the conditions will be established, it will be a period of prosperity.

November exports amounted to \$205,700,424, as against imports of \$126,467,007. This last is a trade balance in our favor of \$79,299,417. The excess of exports over imports was \$56,630,050 in October and \$6,341,729 in September, as compared with an import balance against us in August of \$10,400,406 and in July of \$5,338,344.

Thus it will be seen that the excess of exports over imports is progressive.

Figures for December.
Here are the latest figures in detail:

For the week ending Dec. 5, which includes one day of November, the imports were \$24,968,284 and exports \$46,820,625, an excess of exports being \$21,852,342.

For the week ending Dec. 12, the imports were \$24,428,446 and the exports were \$45,417,062, the excess of exports being \$20,989,488.

Imports of gold in November last totaled \$7,301,720, against \$7,040,782 in November, 1913, and in the eleven months \$53,278,675, against \$38,631,475 in the corresponding period last year.

Gold exports in November aggregated \$14,536,482, as against \$6,602,368 in November, 1913, and in the eleven months \$82,222,482, against \$81,226,017 in the same months of last year.

AUTO HURLS MAN TO DEATH.
William McKeag Crushed Against Wagon by Skidding Man-chine.

William McKeag of 443 East Forty-second street, was fatally hurt last evening when he was struck by an automobile and thrown against the side of a wagon while attempting to cross Grand avenue, the East Forty-second street.

Roy V. Dwyer, chauffeur in charge of the car, which is owned by Frederick A. Poor of 4800 Grand boulevard, was arrested, but later released.

Dwyer said he turned sharply to avoid McKeag, the car skidded and hurtled him against the wagon.

Poetess Publishes
Her First Volume.



MRS ETHEL WAHL HARMON

RS. ETHEL WAHL HARMON of 4000 Kenmore avenue announced to some of her friends yesterday she has published a collection of her poems.

She makes her bow to the public through lines to the critics:

O stern, relentless critic,
I tremble, yet not so severe,
Nor judge me harshly.

Mrs. Harmon's verses are published in the title "Harpstrings and Bow-strings."

OBITUARY.

MRS. HELEN C. FLOYD, for thirty-seven years a resident of Highland Park, died at the Presbyterian home yesterday. She was the widow of Charles Floyd of the Chicago board of trade. She was 76 years old and a native of Virginia.

She is survived by her daughter, Mrs. Alice S. Sibley, who will be held tomorrow at the residence at 428 East Central street, Highland Park. Interment will be at Lake Forest.

MICHAEL MEYERS. Foreman of the locomotive point department of the Illinois Central railroad and a resident of Chicago for fifty years, died on Tuesday at his residence, 6344 Danube avenue. He was 66 years old and an employee of the Illinois Central for forty-two years. He is survived by four children. Services will be held on Saturday. Burial at St. Boniface.

GEORGE B. DAVIS. Major general and former judge advocate general of the army, died suddenly in Washington from an attack of heart trouble. He was an author on many topics and an American delegate to the Hague conference and the Red Cross parleys at Geneva.

HENRY MARTIN MORGAN. Governmental employee for thirty-five years, died on Sunday at Portland, Ore. He was a member of the G. A. R. and a resident of Chicago for twenty-eight years. He is survived by four children.

HIT BY TRUCK; MAY DIE.
William Croker of 3731 Ellis avenue was probably injured fatally last night when he was struck by a truck driven by a man from the White Company, 9 West Illinois street, and driven by Ray Stevens, 740 Normal avenue. He was crossing Wabash avenue at Jackson boulevard.

CHICAGO SEEKS ENGLISH TRADE

Manufacturers Will Devise
Means of Getting Business
Germany Has Lost.

SPIRIT OF OPTIMISM

A meeting to devise means of getting the trade with Great Britain which Germany formerly had will be held by the foreign trade committee of the Illinois Manufacturers' association on Tuesday. E. N. Hurley, president, returned yesterday from the east. He reported the manufacturers of the eastern cities already have gone into the English markets and are selling millions of dollars' worth of goods for cash.

Mr. Hurley noted a general feeling of optimism and prosperity throughout the east and found the factories in better condition than they have been for years.

"Germany sold 60 per cent of her exports to us before the war," said Mr. Hurley with a smile. "Now we are at war with her."

"Then we must have those markets open to us," Mr. Hurley said. "That means those markets are open to the United States, and in the east the manufacturers have taken advantage of the opening left by the Germans and are rushing goods into England. That does not mean war supplies, but clothing, light hardware, boots and shoes, and the like.

The manufacturers of our section of the country have an opportunity to share in that business, and our meeting next week is to map out plans to get into this cash business."

DEATH TAKES AARON B. WOLF.
Pioneer in Department Store Business Stricken at Age of Seventy-six.

Aaron B. Wolf, for fifty-seven years a resident of Chicago and a pioneer in the department store business here, died yesterday at his residence, 438 East Forty-fifth street.

He was born in Germany, Nov. 11, 1838. In 1857 he emigrated to this country and at once came to Chicago. He is said to have originated the department store, as differentiated from the old "general store," in Chicago, opening a place of that kind on Milwaukee avenue after the civil war.

He leaves a widow, Mrs. Lena Wolf, and several children. Mrs. A. Wolf is a partner in the Daniels Wolf company, Leo, with the Continental and Commercial National bank; Bert B., and Aloys B. Wolf; Mrs. Carrie Rebatt, Mrs. Hattie Guggenheim, and Mrs. Sadie Walliser. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon from Hamburg's chapel, 4640 Prairie avenue.

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U. S. RATIFIES CONVENTION ON SAFETY AT SEA

International Treaty Is
Acted On with a
Reservation.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 16.—The international convention for safety of life at sea, signed at London Jan. 2, 1914, by many world powers, was ratified by the senate today for the United States with the adoption of a resolution reserving the right to enact higher standards than the treaty prescribes for health and safety on American vessels and to impose them upon all foreign vessels within its territorial waters.

Affects Seamen's Bill.
Champions of the pending seaman's bill insisted that without the resolution of reservations the treaty might nullify the bill and regulations regarding immigrants. For several days Senators Cummins and La Follette have fought against ratification without reservation.

Ratification was necessary by Dec. 31, in accordance with the terms of the convention. President Wilson had urged the senate to action before that time.

The convention was framed after a conference in London participated in by representatives of the United States, Great Britain, Germany, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, France, Italy, Norway, Sweden, Russia, and the Netherlands.

What It Provides.
It provides regulations for destruction of derelicts, patrol for icebergs, wireless communication, distress signals, ocean routes, safety of navigation, inspection of ships, ventilation, inspections, and everything pertaining to safety of life at sea.

Favorable action on the seaman's bill by the senate committee is expected tomorrow. The bill passed both houses at the last session, but as amended in the house was referred to the senate committee.

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FRANCE BUYS ILLINOIS HOSE

Kankakee Firm Gets Order
for 336,000 Pairs of
Cotton Socks.

KEEPES MEN AT WORK.

Another note of American prosperity was sounded yesterday when the Panmount Knitting company, which operates a large factory at Kankakee, Ill., received an order for 336,000 pairs of cotton hose to be shipped to Bordeaux, France. Delivery of the order, which was placed by buyers for the French government, will extend over several months and will maintain the employment of the force now at work in the big factory.

Further orders for similar goods are anticipated by the knitting company.

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Come in today and let us help you make your selections from the largest, most varied, and most conveniently arranged stock in the world, of all kinds of books. Below are a few suggestions:

Picture and Larger Gift Books

The Art of the Vienna
Gallerie. By David C.
Preyer. Illustrated. Net, \$2.00

A Wanderer in Venice.
By E. V. Lucas. Illus-
trated. Net, 1.75

The Lure of London. By
Lillian Whiting. Illus-
trated. Net, 3.00

Among the Canadian
Alps. By L. J. Burpee.
Illustrated. Net, 3.00

Beside Lake Beautiful.
Bishop William A. Quayle.
Illustrated, boxed. Net, 1.50

I Should Say So. By
James Montgomery
Flagg. Illustrated. Net, 1.00

When a Fellow Needs a
Friend. By Clare Briggs
and W. D. Nesbit. Illus-
trated. Net, 1.00

Varied Subjects

The Art of Living Long.
By Luigi Cornaro. Net, \$2.00

Encyclopedias of Eti-
quette. Net, 1.00

Wild Woods and Water-
ways. By William Chal-
mers Covert. Illus-
trated. Net, 1.50

Between the Old World
and the New. A Moral
and Philosophical Con-
trast. By Guglielmo Fer-
rero. Net, 2.50

Big Game Fields of Amer-
ica. North and South.
By Daniel J. Singer. Illus-
trated. Net, 2.25

After-Dinner Stories. By
Famous Men. Net, .50

The Blossoming Rod. By
Mary Stewart Cutting. Illus-
trated in color. Net, .50

Golf Yarns. Compiled and
illustrated by H. B. Mart-
in. Net, .50

Law and Laughter. By
George A. Morton and D.
MacLeod Malloch. Illus-
trated. Net, 1.50

Days in the Open. By
Lathan A. Crandall. Dec-
orated. Net, 1.50

Progressive Democracy.
By Herbert Croly. Net, 2.00

Small Gift Books

The Lost Boy. By
Henry Van Dyke. Illus-
trated, cloth, net, .50. Illus-
trated in color, net, .75. Illus-
trated, leather, .75

After-Dinner Stories. By
Famous Men. Net, .50

The Old World in the
New. By Edward Al-
fred Ross. Illus-
trated. Net, 2.40

The Honest House. By
Ruby Ross Goodnow and
Rayne Adams. Boxed. Net, .50

Golf Yarns. Compiled and
illustrated by H. B. Mart-
in. Net, .50

Law and Laughter. By
George A. Morton and D.
MacLeod Malloch. Illus-
trated. Net, 1.50

Days in the Open. By
Lathan A. Crandall. Dec-
orated. Net, 1.50

Progressive Democracy.
By Herbert Croly. Net, 2.00

**Illustrated Gift
Books for Children**

Andersen's Fairy Tales.
Illustrated by Dugald
Stewart Walker. Net, \$1.50

Robinson Crusoe. By
Daniel Defoe. Illustrat-
ed by Milo Winter. Net, 1.35

Good Stories for Great
Holidays. By Frances
Jenkins Olcott. Illus-
trated. Net, 2.00

The Story-Life of Napo-
leon. By Wayne Whipple.
Illustrated. Net, 2.40

The True Ulysses S.
Grant. By Gen. Charles
King. Illustrat-
ed. Net, 2.00

Famous War Correspond-
ents. By F. Lauriston
Bullard. Illustrat-
ed. Net, 2.00

Travel and Description

A broad at Home. By Julian
Street. Illustrat-
ed. Net, 2.50

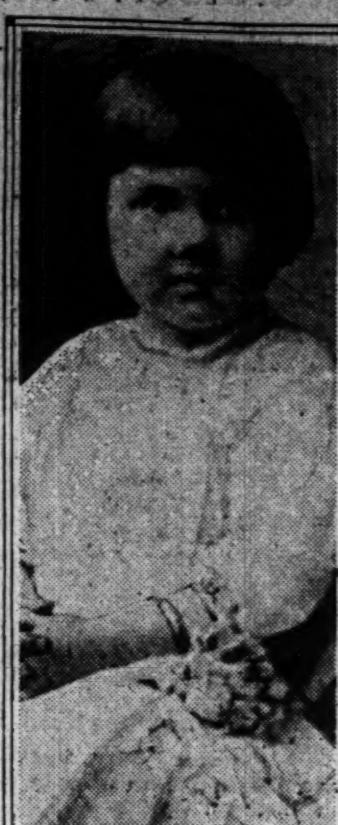
Through the Brazilian
Wilderness. By Theodo-
ros Roosevelt. Illus-
trated. Net, 3.50

The Cruise of the "Janet
Nicho" Among the
South American Islands.
From the diary of Mrs.
R. L. Stevenson. Illus-
trated. Net, 2.00

From the Log of the
"Velas." By Arnold Ben-
nett. Illustrat-
ed. Net, 3.00

CALL WHEEL TAX DIVISION AMONG WARDS UNFAIR

Youthful Star to Sing at Holiday Musical.



Efficiency Men Urge "Scientific" Method in Distributing Levy.

The "scientific system" of apportioning the wheel tax fund was proposed yesterday in connection with the municipal budget and probably will be the subject of a battle on the floor of the council, where it was knocked out last year.

An ordinance passed several years ago provides that 85 per cent of the proceeds from the wheel tax on each ward shall be spent in street and alleys repairing in that ward, the remaining 15 per cent being reserved for the improvement of through streets selected by the commissioner of public works. Since the passage of the ordinance the fund has been divided among the wards in this manner.

Opposed as Unscientific.

The efficiency division of the civil service commission and the bureau of streets oppose the method as "unscientific," as it gives the repairs to the wards containing the most barns and garages instead of to the wards whose streets carry the most traffic, and it gives some wards more than they need for street repairs while other wards with conduit pavements are neglected.

"The present method," said J. Louis Jacobs in presenting the new plan to the finance committee, "is as bad as if you were to say that a ward is to receive police protection only in the proportion that it contributes to the general taxes or in the proportion that it pays of the total revenue."

He presented a schedule of ward appropriations based on the need of street repairs according to a thorough survey made by the bureau of streets.

How Two Methods Differ.

Some of the contrasts shown by the two methods of appropriation follow:

Ward	Efficiency	Current
Fourth	85.15	\$12,000
Eighth	18,515	12,600
Ninth	36,100	12,750
Twelfth	7,030	13,500
Twenty-fourth	3,565	12,750
Thirty-second	40,375	23,800

The total revenue from the wheel tax for 1915 is estimated at \$811,000, and the efficiency bureau's report was that \$87,570 be divided among the wards, while the "85-15" basis gives \$682,350, leaving \$80,780 for the improvement of through streets under the direction of Commissioner McCann.

The efficiency bureau's survey showed that instead of spending at this expenditure on through streets the city should spend \$431,000 on through streets and country roads.

At a morning session the committee agreed to Controller Zimmer's proposal that \$1,000,000 be borrowed from the traffic fund for current expenses.

HUNDREDS OUT ON SKATES.

Season Formally Begins as Two Frozen Ponds Are Opened to Winter Sport Fans.

The skating season was opened yesterday on the pond in the Lake Shore playgrounds at Lake Shore Drive and Chicago Avenue. Nearly 600 persons were on the ice. At Humboldt Park hundreds of others—mostly children—skated.

"The case will be investigated," said the district attorney. "That is all I have to say now."

The Trend Magazine Offers an Ideal Gift



This 10 oz. Duck Tent, 9x12 feet
ABSOLUTELY FREE
VALUED AT \$18.45

AND A SUMMER HOMESITE AT CEDAR LAKE, IND. ALL FOR \$37.70

Pay \$1.45 Down and \$1 a Week
until \$18.45 has been paid on the lot. Then we'll deliver
tent FREE at once or hold for your instructions.

This offer means that by the time \$18.45 is paid you will be
ready to camp on your lot in your own tent.

Every lot faces on a made street; no interest, no special assessments.

What more splendid present could you give your family than a summer home in a beautiful summer resort country only 39 miles from Chicago? You can raise your own fruit and vegetables, go boating or bathing when you feel like it. Your home is that is really a Paradise.

As soon as \$37.70 is paid you will receive an absolute Warranty Deed and a Title to your permanent lot. But you only need to pay a total of \$18.45 to get your tent. \$18.45 is the value of the tent. \$37.70 is the value of the lot. You get the tent and lot for \$37.70 at \$1 per week.

Send in coupon below and send your remittance of \$1.45 direct to our office and tent will be ready for you.

—Free Tent Offer Expires December 24, 1914.
Remember, we have only 200 Tents.

Free Tent Coupon
The Trend Magazine, Phone Randolph 968
1416-18 North American Building, Chicago, Ill.

Kindly mail me, without obligation on my part, maps, post card views, and full particulars of your premium homesite lot offered at Cedar Lake, Ind., explaining fully your offer of a 9x12 ten ounce duck tent which I am to receive absolutely free, so that I may camp on my lot next summer if so desire.

Name.....
Address.....

NEW MAYORALTY ASPIRANT WANTS WARD HOME RULE

J. J. Garaghty Urges Advisory Boards as Curb on Each Alderman.

There's a new candidate for the Democratic nomination for mayor with a brand new platform: He is John J. Garaghty and he isn't talking subways, transportation, or any of the timeworn topics of the last half dozen municipal campaigns.

Mr. Garaghty, who makes campaign buttons and badges, wants to begin a "home rule" system in each ward.

Urge Advisory Boards.

Garaghty is pushing for an "aldermanic advisory board," consisting of one representative from each precinct, chosen in mass gatherings; until a new statute permits election at the same time as aldermen; no salary, monthly meetings with one of the aldermen presiding, to discuss the ward needs and to advise the ward's aldermen.

2. Headquarters, at which the above meetings should be held, to be established in each ward.

3. Until there should be legislation on the subject, aldermanic candidates should be required to designate a salve to observe the council, the wishes of their constituents as expressed through their respective home ward's advisory board."

Thompson Stirs Up G. O. P.

William Hale Thompson added fuel to the Republican municipal campaign fire by opening Twenty-fifth ward headquarters in the Plymouth hotel when Chief Justice Harry Olson is credited with full sway as far as the Republican primaries are concerned.

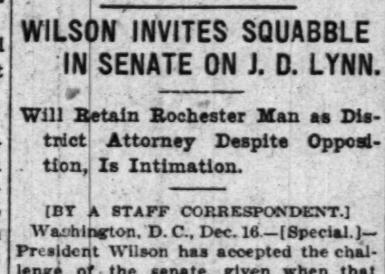
It now seems probable there will be no test within the Republican committee on the mayoralty this week.

WILSON INVITES SQUABBLE IN SENATE ON J. D. LYNN.

Will Retain Rochester Man as District Attorney Despite Opposition, Is Intimation.

REVELL & CO.
Open Evenings This Week

Kirmanshah Rugs
Make Desirable Christmas Gifts



45.00 52.50 57.00 60.00

These rugs are all closely woven in unusual quaint design, soft tone ahead.

ALEXANDER H. REVELL & CO.

Wabash Ave. and Adams St.

"Fife" of State Auditor Married Him Before Divorce from First Husband Was Recorded.

The proposed prosecution of State Auditor James J. Brady under the Mann act took a sudden turn at its inception yesterday when Mrs. Mary Quinlan Kuhns, who apparently was not even his "Michigan wife."

This information was conveyed to Mrs. Brady by a lawyer who had taken the occasion to look up the records of her divorce from her first husband, Kuhns.

The divorce was granted by Judge Fullhill, the same jurist before whom her \$50,000 breach of promise action against the state auditor came up, on April 20, 1913.

Two days later Mrs. Kuhns and Brady were "married" in Michigan. Brady was "married" in Michigan. Thus unconsciously Brady's "bride" was committing bigamy, according to her lawyer.

Mrs. Kuhns knew of the new turn in affairs when she went to United States District Attorney Clyne and asked him to prosecute Brady under the "white slave" laws.

"The case will be investigated," said the district attorney. "That is all I have to say now."

Visitors: Visitors are always welcome. We have a large number of sound-proof parlors, so our customers may select their instruments under the most favorable conditions. A musical instrument is something which lasts for years. You owe it to yourself to make a careful selection.

World's Largest Music House

Lyon & Healy

Wabash Ave. and Adams St.

Gifts Affording Unmeasured Enjoyment.

Kodaks, Cameras and Accessories

The ease with which it is possible, even for small boys and girls, to take good pictures makes Cameras and Kodaks highly popular as gifts.

Brownie Cameras, \$1.00 to \$12.00; Vest Pocket Kodaks, \$6.00, \$10.00 and \$22.50; Kodaks, \$7.50 to \$71.00, according to size and equipment.

Duplex and other high-grade Cameras, \$53.00 to \$125.00.

Autographic Kodaks, \$9.00 to \$74.00. They make it possible to date and title your negatives permanently at the time you make them.

REVELL & CO.
OPEN EVENINGS THIS WEEK

Special Sale of

Fine Hall Clocks

We will close out twenty-five fine Grandfather's Clocks at

about half price. Note the prices below:

Reduced Prices

\$48.00 Grandfather's Clock, weathered oak, special price, 25.00.

\$35.00 Grandfather's Clock, fumed oak, special price, 27.50.

\$75.00 Grandfather's Clock, fumed oak, special price, 45.00.

\$90.00 Grandfather's Clock, Jacobean oak, special price, 55.00.

\$125.00 Grandfather's Clock, mahogany, special price, 70.00.

\$200.00 Grandfather's Clock, low case, mahogany, special price, 135.00.

\$300.00 Grandfather's Clock, mahogany, special price, 190.00.

\$500.00 Grandfather's Clock, mahogany, tubular chimes, special price, 375.00.

Wabash Ave. Alexander H. Revell & Co. Adams St.

AMUSEMENTS

"My Lady's Dress"

—Joseph Brooks' Production of Edward Knoblauch's Novel, *Piquant and Startling*, New Play—Will Be Shown to Chicago.

Christmas-Eve: A Week from Tonight

in the **BLACKSTONE THEATER**

Seats Ready Next Monday Morning.

Third Will Be Christmas-Eve.

Saturday Matinee the Opening-Week.

The Cast as in New York.

Will Be Headed by Mary Boland and Leon Quartermaine

ILLINOIS | EVERY NIGHT

SEATS TODAY FOR ALL PERFORMANCES—RUN ENDS JAN. 2.

ALL MAT. 50c to \$1.50

INCLUDING XMAS. NEW YEAR'S, S. WED. & SAT.

WORLD'S BIGGEST AND BEST

ZIEGFELD FOLLIES

100—ZIEGFELD BEAUTIES—100

EXTRA: GOOD SEATS LEFT

75c, \$1, \$1.50, \$2.50

Friday Night's Great Double-Bill

FOR THE LYING-IN HOTEL

"Pagliacci" by the Century Opera Co.

Pavlova and Her Imperial Russian Ballet

with their ORCHESTRA HALL BAND

NEWMAN TRAVEL

Tomorrow EVENG Sat. Mat. 2:15

BERLIN THE WAR CENTER

WITH ACTUAL WAR PICTURES

Popular Prices, 25c to \$1.00—NOW

AUDITORIUM NIGHTS AT 8

GRAND CENTURY OPERA COMPANY

Tonight "CARMEN" with Howard, Shaw, etc. Last Performance of "CARMEN"; Sat. Night, Last Performance of "LA BOHEME".

100 PER CENT OF THE BOXES SOLD.

DECEMBER 26, CENTURY OPERA COMPANY.

PAVLOVA and Her Imperial Russian Ballet

with their ORCHESTRA HALL BAND

NEW YORK THEATRE

W. L. LEWIS & STONE

Only One More Week.

LA SALLE MATINEE TODAY

William Rock & Maude Fulton

In the 1914 Festival Musical

THE CAFE SHOP</p

Mandel Brothers

The Christmas Scene Beautiful

Simplified Christmas shopping

—the appended list of holiday favorites settles the problem of expediency and the matter of expense in completing the Christmas buying. Each article is but "one in a hundred" similarly suitable for gifts, but each, above all, is representative of Mandel's, "where all is beautiful and all is good."

First floor.

Diamond rings—solitaire, in 14-k gold. Tiffany mounting, with platinum tops; diamonds average 3 carats; \$78. Others \$15 to \$800.

Lavalieres—solid gold; pearls, amethysts, sapphires or diamonds, 9.50. Others \$3 to \$25.

Barpins—solid gold and set with pearls and other stones; priced at 3.50. Others selling at \$1 up to \$25.

Cameo pins—shell cameo scarf pins, mounted in solid gold; price 2.95. Others up to \$10.

Gold knives—of solid gold, plain or engraved patterns; priced at 2.75. Others to \$20.

Cameo brooches—shell cameo, mounted in solid gold; priced at \$10.

Lavalieres—set with onyx & diamonds; platinum mountings; \$25. Others up to \$500.

Cameo rings—coral cameo mounted in solid gold; \$5. Others 7.50 to \$30.

Cuff links—solid gold and diamond set; specially priced at \$6. Others up to \$60.

Bracelets—gold filled, hand engraved and with signet center; at \$2. Others at 1.50 to \$39.

Mesh bags—sterling silver mesh bags; hand engraved or plain frame; 6-inch; reversed mesh; 26.50. Others \$30 to \$50.

Cigarette cases—sterling silver; hand engraved, engine turned or gray finish; 7.50. Others, \$9 to \$25.

Lavalieres—sterling; set with rhinestones and large oriental pearls; 3.25. Others, \$4 to \$25.

Vanity cases—sterling silver; 7.50. Others 8.50 to \$35.

Back combs—crescent, set with sapphires, emeralds, topaz or rhinestones; price, 1.25. Others \$2 to 7.50.

Boudoir clocks—oval; silver dial; brushed brass or nickel finish; 1.50. Others at \$1 to \$15.

Crystal clocks—solid brass frames; white porcelain dial; hour and half hour strike on gong; \$10. Others, 12.50 to \$75.

Marble clocks—imported; lavender, blue & pink; priced 1.25. Others at 1.50 to \$6.

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Crystal clocks—solid brass frames; white porcelain dial; hour and half

is the logical place
these articles. For
reliability—
and intelligent
quick, efficient

Favored Are the
Kodak Juniors
and \$11.

the pictures 2½ by
are very thin and
it simple to operate.
earing shutter. The
ectilinear lens. This

Kiddies.

ownie No. 2A at \$3
ge perfect results

of Kodak
\$1 to \$10.
\$4.75 to \$20.



ets Divided Into
Prices

secure blankets of
savings.

last long at these

weighing 5 pounds,
block designs, in tan
and gray and white.
exceptional values

54 inches and 74x84
se blankets are of
real service.

pair, are soft, warm

th Floor, South Room.



Velvet Suit, \$50
Winter Coats
\$25, \$25, \$30, \$35
AND UPWARDS.

up posted. They make
home every morning and
Tribunes at the corner stand.

SECTION TWO.
GENERAL NEWS,
SOCIETY, SPORTING,
MARKETS, WANT ADS.

The Chicago Daily Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

CIRCULATION
OVER 500,000 SUNDAY
OVER 300,000 DAILY

WANT TO SAVE \$50,000,000 IN A SINGLE YEAR?

State's Attorney Will Have
Surprise Witness Be-
fore December Grand
Jury Today.

Prof. Alphabet of London Has
Vital Message to Rulers
of Chicago.

TELLS "WE WILL" MAN HOW.

BY HENRY M. HYDE
The first card of the
day's crop is engraved
and impressive. Half
the alphabet marches
across the paneboard
after the name of the
caller. Below it appears
that he is man-
ager of a big
English corporation
with offices in London.
"I will save Chicago \$50,000,000 a year;
is that good enough? What?"

For fifteen minutes the demonstration
rushes on, unbroken and terrific in force.
One listens and watches in amused fasci-
nation at all the good and most of the
bad parts of the English character are
revealed. He is energetic, enthusiastic,
eloquent, and interesting. He is also in-
tolerant, condescending, and as full of
tact as a runaway steer.

Revolutionary, but Practical.
"Your plan is revolutionary. Do you think it suited to Chicago conditions?"

"Well, I will tell you if one dare says our plan is not practical. I shall have him up instantly on a charge of libel. We shall see whether there are courts in Great-
Britain."

The man from London, who talks in
millions of pounds, gives way to a couple
of small boys. They are a tribe abased,
but none the less determined.

They was an old stiff hired us two
kids to clean out the ash bin and promised
to pay a quarter a week. And now,
after we done the job, he won't give us
but 20 cents between us. Say, we want
THE TRIB should send over and make
him pay what he owes us. See?"

Would Help Unemployed.

The next name—with a strangely for-
eign name—is that of a Polish Catholic
priest. Out in his parochial office, he
and his family are living. Boys and
girls who are hungry besiege his parochial
house. The heads of many families in his
flock are growing almost desperate for
lack of work. He is not fluent in the use
of English, but he makes plain his great
anxiety, his earnest efforts to find some
way in which his people who are willing
and anxious to work can be given jobs.

Behind the good father is another who
also expresses vast sympathy with the
unemployed. He is a man of means, with
thousands of acres of land in the
far south. It is rich land, the richest on
earth. It needs only to be tickled with
a hoe to produce marvelous crops of gar-
den truck.

Only \$10,000,000 Needed.

There is room on his land for 10,000 un-
employed men to take up residence
which is needed to make the plan a success
is the cooperation of capitalists who will
agree to pay \$100 an acre for the land, buy
tools and equipment for the colonists,
pay their railroad fares, and furnish
money on which they can live until the
first crops are harvested. A trifling mat-
ter of \$5,000,000 or \$10,000,000 is required.

"But most of the unemployed know
nothing about farming or raising garden
truck."

**Chauffeur Says They Were Trying to
Kick Windows Out of Taxi on
Way to Chicago.**

It certainly was a gay night. It cost
Hiram Brown, not Green—\$100, then
but he didn't finish paying for it until
yesterday. His last installment was \$12
to cover taxi cab charges for the con-
veyance of himself and a person to whom
he and the chauffeur referred as "young
blonds" from Burnham to Thirty-sev-
enth street and Vincennes avenue.

The chauffeur had to collect his \$12
through the night, as he was not paid until
he had married twenty-five years, was in
court with his husband. So he couldn't
hear anything about the "young blonde."

"Yes, sir, your honor," said the chaf-
feur, Peter Schneider of 2237 Prairie
avenue. "The way in the both of
them were trying to kick the windows
out of my machine. And then he wouldn't
give me my money. I drove him to the
Stanton avenue police station, but he
promised to mail me a check, and I let
him go."

"He doesn't remember, Judge."

"I had a couple of drinks

in South State street and the young
blonds and myself drove out in a taxi to
Burnham to get some more. That cost

me \$12 right there. I had more than \$100
when I started, but I wound up broke.
Somebody must have robbed me."

Brown, who is 48, a contractor, and lives
at 425 East Ninety-second street, paid
the bill and was discharged.

Three Shot; 1 Dead, in Row

**Five Ask for Use of Best Room in
Saloon and Revolvers Are
Fired.**

Five men walked into Joseph Marchese's
salon at 208 West Twenty-second place
last night. They had several rounds of
drinks and asked if they could use the
back room for a few minutes.

At first the men talked quietly. Then
the conversation was punctuated by a
dozen or more revolver shots. Marchese
ran into the back room. An unconscious
man was dead. George Wells, of 200
West Twenty-third street and Carmella
Innes, of 202 West Twenty-third street,
were wounded. The two missing men
were described as Joseph Dine of 200
West Twenty-second place and a boy
known as Charlie.

"We Will" Out for Day.

Some slight acquaintance with people
who have such profitable plans in mind
leads to the return of the conventional
message that the We Will department is
not in. Half an hour later the same card
is again brought in. This time the caller
is informed that the We Will department
has gone for the day. Ten minutes later
a telephone call rings and the gentleman
who has been deceived.

Briefly and forcibly he states his opinion
of people who do not stick to the truth
in answering the requests of sincere and
important callers. "I announce further
that having lost the opportunity of
showing every reader how to quickly
and easily acquire \$100,000, the We Will
department need never again expect to
have such a chance."

**Only 7 More Days
—READ THE ADS.**

Vanadium Bill by Frank
Vandam, III, Dec. 15—(Continued)—While at-
tempting to cross the track ahead of a moving
train, John Carson, a merchant of Brown-
town, east of Vandam, was killed.

POLICE GRAFT TAKEN BY FIFTY

State's Attorney Will Have
Surprise Witness Be-
fore December Grand
Jury Today.

CLASS WILL TESTIFY.

Confession Confirmed and
More Detectives Are to
Be Enmeshed by Bri-
bery Exposure.

BLOW TO NEW OWNERS.

State's Attorney Hoyne promises a sur-
prise today at the resumption of the grand
jury inquiry into police graft and the
"business understanding" between paid
crook catchers and professional crooks.

Today's session, it was rumored about
the Criminal Court building, will pave
the way for Mr. Hoyne to reveal the names
of at least fifty members of the police
departments who are accused of accepting
"easy" money besides their regular
salaries.

Witness' Identity Secret.

Clarance Class, who claims to have
the "goods" on Tom Kerwin, accused of
being in on the payoff joint that was op-
posing the entry of Barney Bertche in
the business, is one of the witnesses to be
called.

The identity of this second witness is a
mystery. Mr. Hoyne refused to say
anything about the man, but it is under-
stood he is neither a thief nor a policeman,
but had affiliations that will enable
him to tell an unbiased story and supply
the missing link that connects the confes-
sions of the grafters and a policeman who
is scheduled to "squeal" as soon as he is
called.

Lower Costs on Deck.

Ralph Gibson, the public prosecutor of
the place whose attorney is seeking for
a mandamus writ to compel the mayor to
restore the license, was in the courtroom
when Mayor Harrison walked to the
witness chair. Ike Bloom, long owner of
Freiberg's and first vice lord of the south
side lava beds, and Sol Friedman, also
heard the testimony.

**"No Question Place Could Not
Be Run Without Fallen
Women and Thieves."**

**Mayor Harrison yesterday from the
witness stand in Judge John P. McGo-
rery's court delivered another knockout
blow to Freiberg's dance hall in Twenty-
second street. He revoked the saloon and
dance hall license on Aug. 24, shifted the
commanding police officer of the district,
and insisted the place be kept closed.**

The defense made much of the fact that
Mrs. Korshak received a bonus of \$10,000
and \$275 a month from insurance compa-
nies to obtain the return of her husband
from London, where he was a fugitive
from justice, to testify against members of
the arson ring.

Accuse Her of Perjury.

They also forced the admission that
Mrs. Korshak had testified in divorce pro-
ceedings against her husband that she
did not know where he was. On the stand
she admitted she knew he was in Lon-
don. The defending lawyers termed per-
jury.

**Joseph Clarke, another insurance ad-
juster under conviction for arson, who
had "squealed" against Fish, was sum-
moned to appear in court, but was unable
to testify. He will take the witness stand
today.**

**A sensation was caused in the court-
room when Mrs. Korshak was being ex-
amined by Attorney Bachrach. He was
trying to force an admission from her
that she had attempted to get money from
Fish to testify in his favor, when she
turned on him and declared that he had
attempted to "buy" her testimony. Her
statement in this regard was similar to
the one made by the adjuster, former
detective, on the stand a few days ago,
when he charged Mr. Bachrach with
attempting to bribe him to come over to
the side of the defense.**

Lower Costs on Deck.

"I am Mayor, will you please tell what
you know of the conduct of the district?"
asked the attorney.

**"I am Mayor, will you please tell what
you know of the conduct of the district?"
asked the attorney.**

**What was the general reputation of
the place?"**

Saloons Must Behave.

"Bad very bad. At that time I revoked
more than twenty licenses—when the
state's attorney was busy in the levee
and Calumet and Burham old place."

**"Twenty-second and State street, under
which they were restored made it impos-
sible for them to cater to women. Bars
for men only in use. The presence of
one woman in either of those places
means a second revolution."**

**"There is no hard and fast rule in
dealing with these places. Such a con-
dition would be unfair. For instance,
there are places where a woman can go
in, where she can buy a drink, and a
woman shoots a man perhaps or wel-
comes to his place thieves and gunmen.
His license is taken away, but another
saloonkeeper can come along and make
good with the same place and live up
to some ordinance."**

**"The mayor identified a package of let-
ters from Miss Harriet Vinton in regard
to the closing of the saloon along with
other correspondence from Chicago
and other organizations.**

**"He was not allowed to testify to conditions found on
his trip through the district since 1912.**

**"Peter, who is making the fight for a
cafe and dance hall license, was for years
owner of a notorious saloon at 60 West
Harrison street. Witnesses gave him
a clean bill of health and said his place
was well conducted, despite the fact that
it was frequented by women of the old
Custom House court leves."**

**PETER, 75 YEARS, ELOPES
TO FOIL 39 CHILDREN.**

**Goes to Crown Point with Widow,
55, and Surprises His Great-
Grandchildren.**

**In this case it wasn't exactly the with-
holding of the parental forgiveness that
led to their decision to elope. Both had
been to orphans.**

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WHICH GOES TO PROVE THAT ALL MEN ARE BORN FIBBERS.

FLICKERINGS from FILM LAND
by KITTY KELLY

"THE BATTLE OF LOVE."

Essanay.

Arthur Clarence Fredric M. Bushman
Mr. Chandler Thomas H. Ingraham
Bebe Wells Ruth Stonehouse
Mrs. Wells Helen Dunbar
Mr. Wells Robert H. Coe
Vivian Miss Lillian Drew
Jack Flint Harry Dunckin

UNDER a title threatening formidable melodrama is projected a story full of situations flavored through and through with subtle comedy. There is nothing of boisterous fun in it—nobody falls down stairs or gets hit with a too-ancient egg—but there is a steady radiance of humor arising out of that unfailing fountain of facetiousness, a joke taken seriously by the jokers, while the ladies look on and laugh.

and they all proceed to live happily ever after.

It is a wholesome and jolly little picture. I don't especially like some of Miss Drew's too airily sweethearts, and it was bad business for her to sit up in the barn when she was supposed to be dead and all the people were around her. Though this is the "gentle" kind of comedy, it doesn't permit of the multitude of noises made by being urged by the actors, and no lady could duck up out of a bed of straw without producing some sound waves. Mr. Bushman gives an enjoyably absorbent impersonation and Harry Dunckin, as Mr. Fixit, is a most convincing sample of efficiency.

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Movie Gossip.

Edwin Clarke, who has been with the Edison people for four years, has concluded his connection with them with his appearance as the fairy prince in "Fairyland." His health oblige him to seek California's climate and it was with great regret that the Bronx players bade him good-by.

Little Billy Jacobs, the "Universal starling" is just about the youngest bit of scintillation in all the historic constellation. When we last left him he was a baby. It is difficult to believe that any baby of three can imagine and work out the situations with such effectiveness and apparent unconsciously. But there he is plainer than print, doing it!

Ellie Wheeler Wilcox is contemplating, "the start of a erection of a motion picture studio at her present residence, Short Beach, Granite Bay, Conn., which will make filming of her poems very handy for her. The Humanoity Co., Modoff, Mass., has the exclusive right of filming her poetical inspiration and the studio will be used by that company.

The action became swift when Besse, who had agreed to speak to Arthur, received the telegram that he had been killed. Arthur was the last person seen with her, and that she should get him out of town at once. She rallied to the appeal and soon had Arthur in the garden hearing him tell her he was innocent and trying to plan an escape.

That nervous fear was heightened by the imitation detectives that had been put on the trail to lend realism to the effect, who were enjoying themselves immensely.

When both families turned the young people out Mr. Fixit suggested that they fly to the paternal yacht, have a brief wedding party, and sail for Europe. On the yacht they found all the friends and families, plus the resuscitated actress,

Climbs Six Flights Twice Daily.

Alma Russell

(Copyright: 1914, by Lillian Russell)

D
o not depend entirely upon your powder puff to keep your nose from shining. Use a little more water on your face when you wash it. The cause of a great many shiny noses is the failure to wash the nose thoroughly after the water has been used. The face should be rinsed with warm water until not a trace of soap remains. The powder puff has become almost a national institution. It wouldn't need to be so conspicuous, however, if the value of water and the properties of soap were better understood. Soap makes the face shine. When it is not removed thoroughly from the skin it works real damage. Powder will cling to a soapy surface, and continual applications of powder are then made necessary. I do not approve of the prevalent custom of opening up a vanity box and producing a powder puff in public places. This is a part of making one's toilet, and it should not be encouraged in public places any more than one would encourage the manufacturing of nails in public.

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This

Society and Entertainments

Well Known Names in Yale Musical Clubs

An unusual number of Chicago men of well known names are members of the Yale musical clubs for this year, organizations which are coming to the city next Tuesday evening for the annual concert to be given in Orchestra hall. There is Arthur Tuttle, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Nelson Tuttle of Lake Forest, who is a senior at Yale this year. The young man's father is a Yale '81 man.

Richard Bentley, son of Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Bentley, is a sophomore, and he, too, follows in the footsteps of his father, who was graduated from Yale in '82.

Valentine Bartlett, son of Mrs. Charles L. Bartlett, who in recent years spent most of her time in New York, also comes from an old Chicago-Yale family; but the Yale family referred to is a group of men on the club's orchestra, headed by Roswell Hayes Fuller, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank R. Fuller of Winnetka. His Yale "lineage" dates back to his great-great-grandfather, Oliver Fuller, who was graduated in 1762. Young Mr. Fuller, who plays with the mandolin club, also is the organization's only violinist.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Grace Shackelford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Shackelford of 450 East Belmont avenue, formerly of Chattanooga, Tenn., to Franklin Ellis of Louisville, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Ellis of Troy, O.

The marriage will take place in the early spring. Miss Shackelford comes from one of the best known of the southern families. Her mother was Miss Grace Gordon of Cincinnati and her father the son of the late Judge George Washington Shackelford, confidant of Jefferson Davis.

The Shackelford and Davis plantations joined, and Judge Shackelford, as friend and adviser is alluded to often by Jefferson Davis' memoirs.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Patterson of 6219 Magnolia avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Helen Page, to Albert Peter Slesinger of 1224 North State street, formerly of Holland, Mich. The wedding will take place at the residence of the bride's parents on Dec. 26.

Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Crane Jr. will have as their guests at the gala night at the opera tomorrow Mr. and Mrs. William R. Odell, Mrs. John A. Spoor, and Frank Cramer.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Swift will have with them Mr. and Mrs. Huntington B. Henry and Mr. and Mrs. John N. Willys of Toledo.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Shaffer will be with Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Lamont and Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Crane III, will have Mr. and Mrs. Robert Leatherbee, Mr. and Mrs. Prentiss Cooney.

Mr. and Mrs. William Gold Hibbard Jr. will have as guests Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hale, Mrs. Griswold, and George Hale.

The management is anxious that the people there still remain many seats to be sold. The seats have been disposed of on the plan of "first come, first served," and many are awaiting purchasers.

Mr. and Mrs. Honor Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hibbard, and Mr. and Mrs. Red-



PHOTO BY VICTOR GEORG

MISS MARJORIE LANE.

Lucia Sung by the Century Company.

"LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR."

Opera in three acts by Donizetti, presented by the Century Company at the Auditorium theater, Chicago.

Miss Lillian Louis Kredler
Lucy, his sister Rose Macbeth
Sir Edgar Orville Harrold
Lord Arthur Buckle Henry Williamson
Raymond Charles C. Campbell
Alice, companion to Lucy Alfred Kaufman
Norman, captain of the guard Frank Mansfield

BY RONALD WEBSTER.

"LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR" ought by rights to be an unusually popular opera because its appeal is directed both to the sense of melody and to the sense of comedy. In the Century company's production of it yesterday afternoon both of these elements were made the most of.

It is hardly to be expected that an American should be able to sing through "Lucia" without both trilling and aping.

The trouble with the opera is, of course, that none of the singers really has much to do but sing and die.

Miss Macbeth had to stand up before the crowd and sing up about her heart yesterday all rigged up in costume. She had to make every gesture last as long as possible, and when she stood up, as prettily and lifted her hands in supplication, as gracefully as she could, all the while singing sweetly and in tune. It wasn't her fault that when the letter containing proof of Sir Edgar's infidelity was thrust under her nose her burst into melody raised no lump in the throat, but caused only amused smiles and attentive ears.

The "mad" scene scarcely could be called terrifying. The soprano's interpretation of Lucia's mad scene was inspiring. Her performance had the merit, at any rate, of offering a picture of gentle melancholy not especially inconsistent with this conventional exchange of trifles with the flute which closes the scene.

Miss Macbeth sang her mad scene with a great sense of the beauty of the music, and she was almost without exception in tune.

With Sir Edgar, impersonated by Orville Harrold, and Henry Ashton, made thoroughly villainous by Mr. Kredler, bore the heavy burden of melody. Three others added themselves thereto for the famous sextet. After they had finished it the audience broke up what promised to be a good night by making them sheath swords and do it over again. The sextet did not seem to be well balanced, but the deficiency did not injure its vitality.

Mr. Harrold's contribution to the afternoon's enjoyment was considerable. His voice seemed particularly easy and grateful. His acting, too, never quite overstepped the bounds of unreality, and thus never endangered the illusion.

Miss Marjorie Lane, Miss Georgia Schaffert were hostesses yesterday afternoon at a prettily arranged card party and handkerchief shower in honor of Miss Louise Rainey, whose engagement was announced recently to William Dill Hatchaway of Chicago and Memphis, Tenn.

Mr. and Mrs. George Howard Stanton (Dorothy Potter) and their two children were in Chicago the last of this afternoon by Great Falls, Mont., to spend the holidays with Mrs. Stanton's parents Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Potter of 622 Wright wood avenue.

With Miss Dorothy Blourke and Pierre Blouke, Programs will be given out by Miss Anita Vernas and Miss Elizabeth Berry. Eugene Dressler will sing the Iota song.

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MAGNATES GO TO FRENCH LICK FOR MEETING TODAY.

"COMMY" GONE AGAIN; MAY BE BUYING STARS

Old Roman Goes to French Lick; Friends Think He Plans Surprise.

TINKER SEEKS TALENT.

By L. E. SANBORN.

A new outfielder or third baseman for the White Sox may be the outcome of the conferences to be held at French Lick, Ind., where the 1915 schedules of the American and National leagues are to be framed up and the transfer of the New York American league club completed during the rest of the week.

President Johnson of the American league left for the Indiana resort last night, accompanied by his second baseman of the White Sox, Samson Harridge of the American League, and Robert B. McRoy, formerly part owner of the Boston Americans. It was stated that Meers, Harridge and McRoy would assist in the drafting of the playing schedule for the American league, both of them having had experience in that matter.

May Buy a Yankee Player.

Comiskey, it was said, was going along merely as company. That was the reason assigned for his recent trip to New York, from which he returned with the five year contract of Eddie Collins in his pocket. It need not surprise any one, therefore, if the master of the Sox returns from this trip with another star or two in tow. It may be that as soon as the transfer of the New York Yankees is completed Comiskey will be in a position to purchase Maisel or Gehrke, the names being mentioned as evidence of good fellowship.

Before leaving Mr. Johnson said he expected to meet Col. Ruppert and Capt. Huston, prospective purchasers of the Yankees, and that the dicker for the New York club might be completed during the week. The real object of the trip, he declared, was to confer with President Dreyfuss of the Pittsburgh club, chairman of the National league schedule committee, for the purpose of shaping up the playing dates for next season.

Season to Start April 14.

April 14 practically has been agreed on as the opening date in both leagues and the 1915 charts will be set for all games per club, as in former years. The season will be closed on about the same date as this year in order to get the world series started in good weather.

Stories from New York to the effect that the major leagues were going to conspire against the Federal league by scheduling an American or National league game for every Sunday in Chicago were ridiculed by both Johnson and Comiskey. The Grahams asserted that the chief support of the so-called league was from Sunday gamblers and organized baseball was going to reduce those receipts next year by scheduling a conflicting game for every Sunday during the season.

It was pointed out that there has not been a Sunday during the last eleven seasons on which either the White Sox or Cubs have not played in Chicago unless the weather prevented. Consequently it will be impossible to avoid conflicting with the Cliffs on Sundays next season unless the previous methods of arranging dates are discarded entirely.

Denies Roger Was Approached.

President Johnson denied that Roger Bresnahan had been approached by any one connected with the American league with a view to obtaining him as manager for the New York Yankees. It was not the policy of his league, he said, to enter into negotiations with a player under contract to a club in another league.

Manager Bresnahan of the Cubs left for Toledo to spend the holidays at home. He put in the day conferring with President Thomas in the office of his permanent secretary to C. P. Taft, nominal owner of the Cubs, as the conclusion of the confab it was announced the Chicago club has asked wavers on nine members of the club's eighteen in all to be thrown on the market in the near future.

The object of so many wavers is to free out the other clubs regarding a trade, consequently the names of the players involved were not disclosed. The club has asked the Cub management to dispose of eighteen players out of the thirty-five under reservation, but at the same time has agreed to remain in exchange for surplus outfield and infielders out of the Cub roster, with a reserve pitcher or two third basemen.

Tinker After an Outfielder.

Manager Tinker of the Indians stepped out last night in search of an outfielder and went in the general direction of Buffalo. The object of his search was not mentioned and stated on the authority of Tinker and his manager for the writer. The last time he started for an outfielder he was up in Coffeyville, Kas., and came back with W. H. Mathews in a two year contract.

Pitcher Banfield of the Indians, who was in town for a conference with Tinker about the terms of his contract presumably. Nothing was learned of his contract, however, as the person out of Texas into these arctic regions.

Er. W. W. W. President of the Brooklyn club, was in the city, but on commercial instead of baseball business, it was declared. The report of a meeting of the Federal league board was refuted by the absence of President Gilmore of the league. He was reported to be in St. Louis on the Marmas case.

Detroit Refuses to Lose Manager "E-YAH" JENNINGS.

New York Dec. 16.—(Special)—The Federal league is anxious for T. R. Jennings, the star shortstop of the Braves. It was reported today that scouts for the so-called league are in the city to confer with the year contract calling for \$10,000 a year, but so far he has turned a deaf ear to their proposition. James J. Callahan of the White Sox has been added to the list. Callahan and McRoy, the other two men mentioned, believe that the former has been recommended to Col. Ruppert and Capt. Huston by the leader of the American league. The reason, as mentioned yesterday, probably for the reason that he is on friendly terms with the press, is that he is practically certain President Heimpel would not agree to Mathewson's release.

Training A. C. Beats St. Patricks.

One run in the fourth inning was the only counter in the Training A. C.'s victory over the St. Patricks team of the K. of C. league at the Belgrave-Stratford. The game was mentioned yesterday, probably for the reason that it is practically certain President Heimpel would not agree to Mathewson's release.

KELLY POOL—PICKING ON THE CRIPPLE.



PLAN TO REVIVE RACING MEETS STRONG REBUFF

Sportsmen's Club Declines to Aid Sport; Bradley to Try Others.

By WALTER H. ECKERSALL.

"There will be no revival of the sport in Chicago if followers of the sport demand it, and the members of the club do not foster and encourage the movement."

This was the positive statement made by James A. Pugh, president of the local organization, yesterday after he had held a lengthy conference with E. R. Bradley, who submitted several schemes whereby the sport might be revived in the state.

Rotating schedules appeal to Bradley.

Mr. Pugh told Mr. Bradley that the Sportsmen's Club of America was organized mainly to promote amateur sport.

Major Opposed to Plan.

Major Harrison also took a hand in the game and issued a statement which indicated that any effort to revive racing would meet plenty of opposition. The major said:

"There will be a material addition to the gambling squad if racing is revived in the state. It will be the policy of the promoters of the tracks to prohibit gambling at the courses. This course of procedure will not prevent gambling inside the loop and I will do everything in my power to stop betting if the tracks are opened in the vicinity of Chicago."

Does Not Want to Oppose Law.

"The Sportsmen's Club of America is an organization which does not intend to promote any kind of sport which is contrary to the law," President Pugh said. "Although I like horse racing, it is a law which protects us all without which horse racing was a failure."

Mr. Bradley, who is owner of a stock farm near Lexington and who is well known to follow the turf, said he had no objection to racing stakes, but the stocks in the betting ring same as stocks are listed in the stock exchange or grains on the board of trade.

The stock, it was figured, would fluctuate as racing stakes or lotteries.

But, he could not get along without her, and she's not in the least afraid of losing him permanently.

"Let's remote, however, are the possi-

bilities of revolt among the mere follow-

ers, the occasional dancing men. If her

beauty is disturbing, her arrogance is no

less so."

If there's one thing more contagious

than the h. and m. d. it is the practice

writing us about it and the alleged

place of its birth.

And the hoof and mouth disease.

If there's one thing more contagious

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In the Wake of the News

By RING W. LARDNER.

"Touchdown" may "know something" which leads him to speak of the possibility of revolt, but to the outsider, who judges only by past performances, it looks as if the financial profit which the Harvard game assures would continue to outweigh pride in the team, the occasional desire to "keep them honest" and "keep the haughty lady, whose hauteur could be knocked galley west by a little teamwork among her suitors.

Here are replies submitted by Rollie (not Zeider) to some of Prof. Hamilton's culture questions:

UNEARNED INCREMENT—The runs by the White Sox.

INVISIBLE IMPORTS—Those hundreds of big league stars signed by the Reds.

GREEN BACK—A total stranger to me. THE PUBLIC BE DAMNED—Quotations from C. W. Murphy.

Yesterday we reached the "P's" in our perusal of the dictionary, and we came across the word "perdue." We were amazed at the way the word had been used in the Harvard "last to dinner" being in concealment or ambush." (Hub lives in Galtian, Tenn. in the winter time and pitches for the Cardinals in the summer.)

"Accustomed to, or employed in, desperate enterprises." (Hub, before the Cardinals got him an before Stalling's wake up the Brases, was a member of Boston's pitching staff.)

TO GEORGE READER.

Write me a letter, Reader; Write me a letter, please. Write me a letter, concerning.

Niles, And the hoof and mouth disease.

If there's one thing more contagious

than the h. and m. d. it is the practice

writing us about it and the alleged

place of its birth.

CLABBY SAYS O.K. BUT GIBBONS N. G.

Mike Even Refuses to Be Present at Conference to Arrange Match.

By RAY C. PEARSON.

Two Milwaukee promoters swooped down on Chicago yesterday, both of the Sportsmen's Club, turned down Mr. Billie, and Mr. Tom Andrews and Frank Mulheren were the boys who were trying to sign up talent, but their visit failed to bring anything more than promises, which do not count for a great deal in the game of golf.

Clancy Gibbons, who was trying to take

advantage of the hoard of having him

high with run of S. Maupome also had high

of S. Maupome will be in Chicago for the remainder of the week.

Bradley to Try Others.

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MORIN DEFEATS MAUPOME, 50-39.

Clancy Gibbons tightened his hold on first place in the Interstate Three Crown by defeating Pierre Maupome, the Mexican player, who is representing Philadelphia, 50 to 39, at West Side Park, Chicago, Saturday. Tom Andrews and Frank Mulheren were the boys who were trying to sign up talent, but their visit failed to bring anything more than promises, which do not count for a great deal in the game of golf.

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of S. Maupome will be in Chicago for the remainder of the week.

Compromise to Settle Case.

If he is believed here that Mr. Kennedy's usual spirit of compromise will find a way out of the difficulty. It is known that the A. A. A. is not in favor of good matches, but here, however, in favor of good matches, it is being done.

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Mr. Bradley, who is owner of a stock farm

FOREIGN CABLES AFFECT CEREALS

Fear of Unexpected Developments Induces Caution; Cash Call Active.

PRIMARY RUN LIGHTER.

In spite of strong cash markets, smaller receipts, and lighter country offerings the wheat market was heavy yesterday. Longs were disposed to sell out owing to the fact the foreign news was so uncertain. The reports of the most serious condition of the winter, with the reports of new wheat entering in the North sea, checked buying. Traders generally were inclined to be cautious. Prices for the day were 5¢/6¢ lower.

The cash sales here were reported at 300,000 bu, but it was the general opinion that total sales have been much larger recently than given out. According to the seaboard the total sales for export were 1,100,000 bu, including sales of flour. France was credited with buying two cargoes of wheat. Omaha was reported selling wheat direct to the seaboard for export.

Receipts Show Decrease.

An encouraging feature from a bull standpoint was the decided drop in receipts. At winter wheat points there was a sharp decrease in the movement. St. Louis, Kansas City, and Omaha had only 187,000 bu, while shipments were 509,000 bu. Northern arrivals were 380 cars, or 117 cars less than a year ago, while receipts here were only 128 cars, with 138 cars inspected yesterday. Shipments from the West were reported to continue liberal. Arrivals at the seaboard and gulf ports continue heavy.

Total primary arrivals were 1,028,000 bu, against 889,000 bu a year ago, and clearances were 882,000 bu in wheat and flour. Shipments of flour to the seaboard continue heavy, and St. Louis reported good export sales. Weather conditions were cold over the belt, but the wheat has a fair snow covering.

Foreign News Favors Holders.

The reports of a general price reduction for wheat owing to decreased demand and unfavorable weather conditions. Plate wheat markets continue firm and there is no pressure to sell. It is predicted that shipments of wheat will be liberal, light during January. At present there are no sales.

Minneapolis reported a better demand for cash wheat and lighter receipts are expected after the first of the year. Winnipeg reported a good market, but predicted an increase in stocks until the new wheat comes in January. Local sales were 250,000 bu, including 40,000 bu for export. The seaboard sent strong bids on wheat, and the exchange was light.

Kansas City and St. Louis reported continuing Chicago for corn in Iowa and Illinois. St. Louis reported a good market for corn, with prices 4¢/5¢ higher. Receipts were 400,000 bu a year ago, and were 35,000 bu. The colder weather has stimulated buying of each corn apparently in all directions.

Corn Close Tighter.

Soldiers of the Halford-Werner-Chandler had a fair market for corn, but reported some local weakness in wheat also caused some selling, and prices finished 3¢ to 4¢/5¢ lower. Considerable movement was reported in corn, and there had been a big stamp in the volume of sales. Local arrivals were 10,000 bu. Local sales were 250,000 bu, including 40,000 bu for export. The seaboard sent strong bids on wheat, and the exchange was light.

Corn Close Higher.

In general, there was a firm tone most of the day, but there was considerable profit taking, and the close was irregular. Receipts were 40,000 bu, and were 35,000 bu. The seaboard reported a good market for corn, with the big receipt did not cause much selling. Prices were credited with selling products and have been firm. The exchange was light. On the other hand, brokers reported an increase in the market.

Wheat prices were 37¢/38¢, and corn 14¢/15¢ a year ago. Prices at the yards were 4¢/5¢ higher. Liverpool prices were 3¢/4¢ higher. Corn prices were 3¢/4¢ higher. The colder weather has stimulated buying of each corn apparently in all directions.

Bull Products Firm.

Corn prices reached a little in sympathy with wheat, final quotations being 3¢ to 4¢/5¢ lower. The cash market was steady to 4¢ higher. The market was good. Outside markets generally were firm, and there had been a big stamp in the volume of sales. Local arrivals were 10,000 bu. Local sales were 250,000 bu, including 40,000 bu for export. The seaboard sent strong bids on wheat, and the exchange was light.

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BOARD OF TRADE TRANSACTIONS.

RANGE OF ACTIVE FUTURES—WHEAT.

PRIMARY MOVEMENT—WESTERN.

Received—Shipped—

Wheat—Corn—Wheat—Corn—

Chicago—Milwaukee—Milwaukee—Chicago—

Milwaukee—Milwaukee—Milwaukee—Milwaukee—

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Stores and Offices.

WANTED—YOUNG WOMAN
for our postal station; must be exp. in substation work. Apply at station, 115 Balcony.

SIEGEL, COOPER & CO.

WOMEN—YOUNG, RELIABLE
FOR IN-
SPECTOR CASHIER, HIGH EXP. IN
GENERAL BUSINESS. 1115 Balcony.

LADY—BOLD AND DOMESTIC.

GIRL—COMPETENT, WHITE
FOR GENERAL
HOUSEWORK, family of 4; wages \$8.50
a week. 108 S. Spring—L. G. Grange

Phone 1708.

GIRL—GOOD, RELIABLE, HONEST
PRO-
fessional girl; for general housework; no wash-
ing. Apply at 115 Balcony.

400 Lake Park—

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK
IN
KRAMER, 206 S. GRANGE.

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK
small; \$10.00 a week.

1057 Michigan, 1st. Elevation.

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK
GER-
MAN-American. 1815 E. 60th.

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK
GER-
MAN-American preferred. 5410 Wood

Ave. 21st.

GIRL—COMPETENT
FOR GENERAL
HOUSEWORK. Apply 115 N.

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